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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Daily and Weekly Commercial—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper repeatedly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

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SECOND EDITION.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The War.

ENGLAND THREATENS TO WITHDRAW HER SUPPORT FROM TURKEY.

LONDON, October 6.—Sir Henry Elliott, at Constantinople, has been instructed to notify the Porte that unless the English proposals are unreservedly accepted, the British Government will withdraw all support to Turkey, and merely guarantee Constantinople against Russian occupation.

THE BASHI BAZOUKS.

A dispatch from Pesth states that a letter from Prisrend, Albania, says 15,000 Bashi-Bazouks have returned to that neighborhood from the Turkish army, because of a disagreement with the Turkish commanders. They state that after the battle of September 1st they were on the point of crossing the Moravia and entering Alexinatz, when they were stopped by the Turkish regular troops, who were ordered to shoot all who attempted to cross.

TURKS TAKE THE OFFENSIVE.

PESTH, October 16.—The Turks have again taken the offensive. Osman Pasha has left Saitschar and moved upon the valley of the Timok in the direction of Kujazewats. The Turks have also collected sixteen battalions at Babinglava. This seems to indicate a turning movement in the direction of Banja, on Ucrova. On October 3d the Turks forced the passages of the Moravia at three points. Their headquarters are now advanced to Srezzoae.

MOUKHTAR PASHA ATTACKED.

RAGUSA, October 5.—The rear guard of Moukhtar Pasha's force, whilst returning toward Herzegovina, was attacked by the insurgents and Montenegrins, and fell back on Gorica.

CONFERENCE OF RUSSIAN DIGNITARIES.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 6.—It is stated that General Ignatieff, the Russian Ambassador to Turkey, has been summoned by the Czar to Livadia, where General Sumarokoff, the Czar's aide-de-camp, whose mission has been signally successful, is also expected.

ENGLAND'S DEMANDS ON TURKEY.

LONDON, October 7.—Lord Derby's dispatch to Sir Henry Elliott regarding the Bulgarian atrocities was issued last night. The British Ambassador is directed to demand a personal audience with the Sultan, communicate Baring's report, demand reparation and justice, urged the immediate rebuilding of burned churches, provide for the restoration of industries, and give assistance to persons who have been reduced to poverty.

THE VERY LATEST.

LONDON, October 6.—A Belgrade special of the *Times* says Servia is renewing her application for a formal armistice of one month. This application is probably made with the view to further the prosecution of war under circumstances more promising for Russia. A month's armistice means the suspension of fighting for the winter, as hostilities could not be renewed at the end of November. The hiring by the Servian Government of 200 workmen from the Imperial gun factory of Germany, and the fact that Russian agents are buying all the grain in Wallachia show that Servia does not contemplate peace.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* represents that there is little hope that Turkey will accord an armistice. Turkey is put on her mettle by the Russian occupation scheme. She will not accept England's programme so long as Russia threatens thus to enforce the terms of peace. If she should England and Austria must stand by the Porte to resist Russia's state of the programme. This interpretation is a practical dismemberment of Turkey.

The *Standard's* Berlin correspondent says: General Ignatiff, the Russian Ambassador, whose return to Constantinople is daily expected, will make a final effort to induce the Porte to accept conditions and should the Porte refuse, he has orders to depart.

A telegram from Constantinople to the *Standard* says that the Turkish Government is so exasperated by the continued entry of Russians into Servia that they have found it impossible to accept the terms of peace. The Sultan favored the terms, but would have been deposed if he accepted them.

The *Times'* special from Therapia says it is generally understood that if Turkey refuses an armistice, England will be unable to afford her further diplomatic service, whatever may be the course of subsequent events.

A telegram to the *Times* from Constantinople says it is asserted that the Porte has asked Lord Derby to propose new terms, and Derby refused, advising the Porte to accept unconditionally and without delay the propositions already made.

A dispatch to the *Daily News* from Vienna, says it is reported there that great preparations are making in Belgrade for the cornation of Milan, and a magnificent throne and canopy were sent from Bolgrade to Delgrade on Thursday.

A dispatch to the *Daily Telegraph* from Therapia states that England's communications missing on account of the war was made with the co-operation of the other Powers. The armistice would be followed by a conference.

A Belgrade telegram to the *Times* reports that in the battle of September 28th the battalion named after Princess Natalie went into the battle nine hundred strong, and only forty answered to the roll call next day.

Denmark.

LETTER OF RECALL PRESENTED.

LONDON, October 6.—Mr. Cramer, United States Minister at Copenhagen, presented his letter of recall to the King of Denmark at a private audience.

Great Britain.

COTTON MILLS BURNED.

LONDON, October 6.—A destructive fire occurred to-day in the cotton mills of Pickering & Abbott, at Blackburn, resulting in a damage of $100,000.

A BANK SUSPENDS.

LONDON, October 7.—The Industrial Bank, of Newcastle-on-Tyne has stopped payment. Its liabilities are estimated at $500,000.

Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, October 6.—The steamships Scythia and Wisconsin, from New York, have arrived.

Arrived, the steamship Greece, from New York.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

C. W. Coleman & Co's. lumber and dying house at Chippewa Falls, Iowa, was burned yesterday. Loss $33,000; insurance $20,000.

On Thursday night one of the frightful sources of the unpleasant odors which sometimes pervade Chicago, the fertilizing establishment of Reed & Sherman, burned to the ground. Loss about $10,000.

A fire in Waverly, N. Y., on Thursday night caused a loss of thirty thousand dollars.

At three o'clock yesterday morning, the large North Star mill owned by Stuart & Douglass, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, was totally destroyed by fire. Loss estimated at $75,000 to $100,000; insurance $20,000. Cause unknown.

The Case of E. A. Woodward.

CHICAGO, October 6.—E. A. Woodward was transferred last evening from the Central Station to the armory. His friend Blanodt accompanied him, and the two were made as comfortable as possible.

During the forenoon, Superintendent Hickey received a telegram from the chief of police of New York to hold Woodward by all means. "We will come in this afternoon a second dispatch, stating that Woodward had been indicted, and an officer would leave New York at once with a requisition for him. Woodward declines to be interviewed.

Mr. C. W. Watson, a representative of the New York firm of W. H. Atkin & Son, is the gentleman who caused the arrest of Woodward. He was not a schoolmate nor even a personal friend of Woodward, but knew him simply by having met him on the cars between New York and Norwalk. An officer is expected to arrive from New York this afternoon to take the prisoner in custody.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-day—Rising and high barometer, colder and clear or partly cloudy weather, and northerly to westerly winds, diminishing in force with heavy frosts from the Ohio Valley northward.

One thousand workmen in the shops of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway Company struck yesterday, in consequence of a reduction of ten per cent. in their wages.

A Piano at Half Price.

You can buy a splendid 7½ octave Square Grand Piano of HALLETT & CUMSTEN, Boston make, as follows:

At $800 for $400.
A $650 for $325.
A $500 for $275.

at H. KLEBER & BRO'S, 122 Wood street.

P. S.—Warranted for eight years. On easy monthly payments.

A Fine Steinway,

as good as new, very little used, can be had for nearly one-half of what it cost two or three years ago at

H. KLEBER & BRO'S, 122 Wood street.

POOR CUBA.

Further Intelligence as to the Capture of Los Tunas and the Suffering at Puerto Principe—Accounts Not Favorable to the Spanish.

HAVANA, October 5, *via* KEY WEST, October 6.—The following are additional particulars of the capture of Los Tunas by the insurgents under Vicente Garcia: During the night of September 22d about 500 insurgents, headed by Vicente Garcia, attacked Los Tunas on three sides. A portion of the Spanish troops at the place were surprised and made prisoners near the fort. The remainder were distributed by the governor in the various houses, while some citizens and volunteers fortified themselves in the Court House. During the confusion attending the attack the Governor was assassinated by his own soldiers. Upon capturing the fort the insurgents turned its guns on the Court House, disabling fifty-four men, after which they took possession of the city. Vicente Garcia then sent a message to the Spanish Governor in Holguin, notifying him that he had 240 Spanish prisoners and 105 wounded, who would receive proper attention if the Governor sent the necessary resources. After appropriating everything they needed, the insurgents left the place. This affair is briefly mentioned in the *Diario*, which ascribes the disaster to the carelessness of the garrison or the connivance of the inhabitants with the insurgents. Commenting on the event, it says: It shall henceforth publish unfavorable as well as favorable news, as experience has shown that keeping back the former produces lamentable consequences.

The distress in the jurisdiction of Puerto Principe is increasing, and the people of Puerto Principe talk again of its probable abandonment by the Spaniards. A great deal of discontent and insubordination is said to prevail among the Spanish troops, in consequence of the non-receipt of arrearages of pay. In consequence of the rigid censorship of this city, it is impossible to secure telegraphic transmissions hence of intelligence of the above character.

The garrison, under command of Commandante Ronich, was besieged for upward of forty days till starvation did its work among the garrison and inhabitants. Meanwhile all provision trains from Manzanillo which approached the beseiged city were captured by the Cuban forces, and no communication whatever was allowed to said town with the outer world. The insurgents captured 1,500 Remington rifles, all in excellent condition, fourteen cannon and field pieces, including a cannon that was sent our from the Monastery on the Peir expedition, many thousand cartridges, provisions, clothing, medicines, money, etc. The garrison consisted of 350 soldiers of the regular army, three hundred volunteers, many of whom were wounded during the siege. In the past year 3,000 Spanish soldiers have deserted and joined the patriots.

CENTENNIAL AWARDS.

PHILADELPHIA, October 6.—The following are additional awards by the Centennial Judges: M. C. Isaacs & Co., Chicago, steel wire brushes; Aultman, Miller & Co., Akron, Ohio, self-registering dynomometer; Fred. Lukeheimer, Cincinnati, lubricators, oil cups, steam valves, &c.; Wm. Powell & Co., Cincinnati, valves and lubricators; War Department, United States, flags and military costumes; Navy Department, United States, flags and naval costumes; St. Rose Orphan Asylum, Milwaukee, embroidery; Mrs. Orpha Conant, Dwight, Ill., hat of cotton grass; Miss Lizzie Hill, Columbus, O., embroidery; Mrs. M. S. M. Riley, Louisville, embroidery; Bickford & Huffman Manufacturing Company, Leavenworth, Ks., farm wagons; Piqua Woolen Mill, Piqua, O., flannels; Mahoning Valley Association, Youngstown, coals, iron ores and pig iron; Standing Rock Iron Company, Coshocton and Ironton pig iron; Virginia District, iron ores; Huntington and Broadtop Coal and Iron Region, coals, coke, iron ores; State of Tennessee iron ores; State of Indiana, coals, iron ores, iron, malleable castings; Illinois Industrial University of Natural History, lead ores; State of Missouri, collection of ores; Ohio Centennial Commission, building stones, collection exhibit of Lake Superior District iron ores; Territory of Arizona, silver, lead and gold ores; State of Pennsylvania, bituminous coals; State of Pennsylvania, semi-bituminous coals; State of Pennsylvania, anthracite coals; State of Ohio, coals; State of Kentucky, coals; State of Iowa, geological collection; State of Wisconsin, collection of minerals, rocks, &c.; State of Arkansas, mineralogical collection; Geological Survey of Kentucky, geological collection; Commission of the State of West Virginia, building stones of West Virginia; Geological Survey of Pennsylvania, geological collection, etc.; State of Nevada, collection of ores and stamp mill; Territory of Montana, silver, lead and gold ores; State of Michigan, collection of ores; State of Colorado, lead, silver and gold ores; State of Missouri, iron ore; State of Kansas geological collection; Marietta, Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad, coals and iron ores; St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad, St. Louis, Mo., collection of ores; B. J. Peters, St. Sterling, Licking river lithographic stone; Chattanooga Map Company, Chattanooga, map of mineral region around Chattanooga; Colorado School of Mines, geological collection; State of Iowa, cereals; State of Kentucky, coal and iron; state of West Virginia, geological collection; W. F. Pngraff, Louisville, reprised tobacco; State of Michigan, United States wheats, oats, rye, corn, buckwheat and grasses; State of Iowa, United States cereals and tobacco; State of Kansas, United States collection of grains and grasses; State of Missouri, cereals; Illinois Department of Agriculture, collective exhibit; West Virginia, leaf tobacco; Richard P. Morgan, Bloomington, Ill., model steam railway; Detroit Bridge and Iron Works, Detroit, girder over Detroit river; Joseph Jaeger, General William Sooy Smith, Maywood, Ill., drawings of pneumatic caisson; Garry Iron Roofing Company, Cincinnati, iron roofing; Keystone Bridge Company, Pittsburgh, Illinois and St. Louis steel railroad bridge; Wisconsin Central Railroad Company, Wisconsin woods and planks; State Board of Iowa, Lansing, Iowa, collective exhibit; Pullman's steam railway; Detroit Bridge and Iron Works, Detroit, girder over Detroit river; Joseph Jaeger;

The Commercial.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1876.

REMEMBER

That to-day is the last day upon which any one can be naturalized in time to vote at the ensuing election.

PAY your taxes to-day.

TO-DAY is the last day for naturalization or for payment of taxes.

HON. MILES HUMPHREYS, of this city, is doing excellent service on the stump for the Republican cause in Ohio. The Welshmen of that State are almost unanimous for HAYES.

GENERAL HOWARD, whose indictment in connection with the Freedman's Bureau is still pending, claims to have recently obtained vouchers from disbursing officers which tend to relieve him of all responsibility. We sincerely trust this is true.

IT IS not true, as charged by the Democrats, that the Republicans have revived the old war issues in this campaign. It is the Democrats themselves who have done it, by nominating for offices of trust both North and South, rebels and copperheads who were specially obnoxious during the war.

EVERY year, when the Republicans had both Houses of Congress, they reduced expenses and taxes. The Democrats boast of having reduced expenses. Then why have they not reduced taxes? The voters of the country know that taxes have not been reduced one cent by the last Congress This is Republican work against Democratic brag.

PAY your taxes to-day.!

WITH all its dodging and twisting the Democratic party has never attempted to deny that all traitors during the late rebellion were members of that party; neither have any of their papers or speakers denied in this campaign that if victorious they will favor the payment of the rebel claims. Let the loyal people of the country remember this point before voting for TILDEN or any of his party.

AMONG the "Union soldiers" who participated in the Democratic soldiers' gathering in Indiana this week we notice the name of ex Governor BIGLER, of this State. In 1864 the Union soldiers made it so hot for Governor BIGLER, for his reactionary speeches, that to escape the clutches of the Provost Marshals, he found it convenient to go to Nevada, where he remained until the close of the war.

TO-DAY is the last day for naturalization or for payment of taxes.

THE man FINLEY, TILDEN'S disbursing agent out in Indiana, was formerly a resident of Minnesota. Last year he was indicted by a Grand Jury for larceny of goods committed to his care by a client absconding from debtors. He made the acquaintance of TILDEN'S chief supporters at St. Louis, and has ever since been in confidential employment in TILDEN'S interests. The St. Paul *Dispatch* is authority for this statement. "Reform is necessary."

JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG, lately the managing editor of the New York *Herald*, has gone to Europe, and JOHN P. FOLEY, the writer of the treasonable and rebellious editorial "To Your Tents, O Israel!" which recently appeared in the Baltimore *Gazette*, has been chosen to fill the vacancy thus occasioned. This explains the politico-treasonable change in the *Herald*, and accounts as well for the eager desire of those with which the lesser Bourbon organs, such as the *Post*, re-echo the wretched tunes it now plays.

PAY your taxes to-day.

THE vociferous assertions of the *Post* to the contrary notwithstanding, the Republicans have carried Colorado more comprehensively than was at first claimed. A special dispatch from a prominent citizen of the Centennial State, under date of yesterday says: "The Republican success in Colorado is certain and complete." Every Democratic statement to the contrary is fraudulent, and intended merely to keep alive the drooping spirits of the party with reference to the approaching elections in Ohio and Indiana, when they will hear another voice of doom.

IT IS complained in New York that AUGUST BELMONT does not show that degree of interest in the Democratic party that he formerly did. The fact that the house of ROTHSCHILDS is a large subscriber to our new four and a half per cent. loan, and relies upon the Republican party to maintain the integrity of those bonds, may possibly account for Mr. BELMONT'S lukewarmness in the interest of TILDEN. It is also reported that MR. BELMONT has been decidedly snubbed by his principals for identifying himself with the party of rebellion, the success of which would depreciate the bonds they have just purchased.

TO-DAY is the last day for naturalization or for payment of taxes.

THE ADAMS movement in Massachusetts has proved a complete failure. Democratic leaders who secured ADAMS' nomination, by fraud, feel disgusted at the manner in which the rank and file of the party refuse to shuffle over the "sage of QUINCY." The action of Irish Democrats in generally refusing to go for ADAMS was unexpected. It was thought they would swallow the pill without making a wry face, but they now declare that, as constituting the backbone of the party in the State, they have no idea of being driven to the polls like sheep to the shambles. We thus have the highly interesting spectacle in politics of an independent Irishman.

THE foreign export trade of Philadelphia, last month, amounted to $5,623,335, against $4,453,304 for August, and $3,206,971 for September of 1875, showing an increase of $1,170,091 over August, and $2,206,971 over September of last year. The exports for the first nine months of the current year foot up $36,636,401, against $23,273,318 for the same period in 1875, being an increase of $13,364,053 for the Centennial year so far. The principal articles exported were petroleum, provisions, breadstuffs, cotton, unmanufactured hair, iron, tallow, tobacco, etc. Of the whole amount $2,031,320 was carried in American and $3,592,275 in foreign vessels. This is an excellent showing.

PAY your taxes to-day.

AN EXCEEDINGLY important interest is the wool-growing and manufacturing industry. Last April the Democratic Committee on Ways and Means introduced a bill making a reduction of twenty per cent. on foreign wools. This bill was held over the heads of wool-growers and manufacturers until August, resulting in a loss of millions of dollars to the wool-grower; the growers hastening to sell, for fear the tariff would pass, while the manufacturers bought low, or not at all, for the same reason. In August the tariff bill was postponed until next winter, and wool at once advanced rapidly. The Democratic members of the House are justly responsible for this bungling.

TO-DAY is the last day for naturalization or for payment of taxes.

JUDGE KELLEY, who passed through this city yesterday on his return to Philadelphia from an extended canvassing tour in Ohio and Indiana, gives most encouraging accounts as to the political outlook in those States, and expresses himself confident of a Republican triumph in both, notwithstanding that the Democracy were never more thoroughly organized, or more thoroughly bent upon obtaining a victory by foul means if they cannot do so by fair ones. Our friends in those States have got their blood up; the old fighting spirit has been aroused; they have taken nothing for granted; have placed no reliance upon former victories, but are marshaling every nerve as if every man believed that success was only to be achieved through the most prodigious exertions. And this is the conquering spirit which will bring all these desperate machinations of the Democracy in those States to nought.

TO-DAY is the last day on which you can pay your taxes.

THE leaders of the Democratic party who are to reform the country are BEN HILL, the rebel, HEISTER CLYMER, the copperhead, JOHN MORRISSEY, the gambler and prize-fighter, SAM. RANDALL, the salary-grabber, WM. M. TWEED, the thief, HENDRICKS, the Knight of the Golden Circle and the man who gobbled the Indianapolis water bonds, and TILDEN, the railroad wrecker, who defrauded the Government out of its revenues and committed perjury to do it. They wanted to have JEFF DAVIS made eligible for a seat in the cabinet, in order that they might secure his aid in the reformatory work, but the Republicans spoiled their little game.

PAY your taxes to-day.

MR. HOPKINS AND THE SOLDIERS.

On the 14th day of December, 1875, Hon. G. L. FORT, of Illinois, introduced in the House of Representatives the following resolution:

Resolved, That in all subordinate appointments under any of the officers of this House, it is the judgment of this House that WOUNDED UNION SOLDIERS who are not disabled from performance of duty should be preferred.

Upon this resolution Mr. FORT demanded a vote. To escape a record being made by the Democracy directly against the resolution, Mr. S. S. Cox moved its reference to the Committee of Accounts, and the House being Democratic, the motion was carried. Among those who voted with Mr. COX in opposition to the claims of the crippled soldier can be found the name of JAMES H. HOPKINS.

The resolution, had it been adopted at that time, would have secured the retention of many crippled soldiers who a few days afterwards were forced to hobble out of the Capitol to make way for the able bodied rebels of the South.

On the 5th of January, 1876, Hon. T. J. CASON, of Indiana, introduced a resolution in the House reciting the fact that to the Union soldiers the country was indebted for the preservation of peace and the maintenance of law and order, and recommending them to the care of the American people, that each one in need might secure employment, and urging that in all cases of public employment and in the bestowal of the emoluments of office, the soldier should have preference over the civilian, etc. For this resolution Mr. HOPKINS voted, but the duplicity of his course will be readily seen when it is remembered that in the month's time which had elapsed between Mr. FORT'S and Mr. CASON'S resolution, all the changes had been made. They could afford to stand by the soldiers after they had all been discharged and rebels put in their places! Mr. CASON'S resolution contained excellent principles, but made no application of them, for which reason the Democrats adopted it, thinking it a cheap way to make capital, but they were caught napping, Mr. FORT immediately introducing the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That the doctrine just announced by the House in the resolution of the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. Cason] is so wise and just that in the judgment of this House it should be followed by officers of the House in filling subordinate places under their authority, and that in all such cases they are hereby instructed to give to well qualified Union soldiers preference over soldiers of the late Confederate army."

Upon this Mr. FORT demanded a vote, but to escape a practical application of the principle the Democrats had just indorsed, FERNANDO WOOD moved with a broad smile that the resolution be referred to the Select "Committee on the Centennial Celebration," and the House, with Mr. HOPKINS' vote, so referred it. Like the first resolution, it went to its grave. Mr. HOPKINS was Chairman of the Centennial Committee, but never reported it back to the House. The Centennial Committee finished their business in one month; the session lasted eight months; and in all that time Mr. HOPKINS failed to report the resolution, and it is safe to say it never will be reported. The House referred it to kill it, and they accomplished their purpose. Not daring Democratically, being so gentlemanly" to ask Southern rebels to stultify themselves by voting in favor of Union soldiers.

Mr. HOPKINS, with this soldier resolution in his pocket, is now asking soldiers to vote him back into Congress.

The above facts are recorded on pages 43, 110, 111, 112 and 113 of the House Journal for the first session of the Forty-fourth Congress. "No nation can long survive the day it forgets to honor its defenders."

TO-DAY is the last day for naturalization or for payment of taxes.

REMEMBER

That all who expect to vote on taxes, this year, must pay their taxes to-day, unless they have already done so. Let every tax payer make his right to vote sure.

THE Boston correspondent of the Chicago *Journal*, a painstaking and conscientious writer, in his last letter to that paper gives statistics showing that two thirds of the cotton and woolen mills in New England, and all of those in Massachusetts, are now running on full time. In some instances, in view of the auspicious times, the wages of some of the operatives have been restored to somewhat near the figures that were in force before the dull period set in. In Boston, as well as at New York, the dry goods trade is at the height of activity. All staple goods are selling freely, and generally at higher prices than were realized a month ago. There was unusual activity in prints and printcloths at an advance last week. At Providence the sale of print cloths during that period reached 420,000 pieces; and at Fall River, 450,000 pieces, all at an advance of fully one-quarter of a cent per yard. The fact that these goods have touched five cents a yard is a matter of considerable importance. It has secured to the thousands of Fall River operatives the restoration of their last reduction of ten per cent., which had been in force over two months. The English weavers had been going home for some time, as the rate of wages in England was quoted considerably higher than that paid by Fall River. Good authority, however, has it that the state of manufactures is not as hopeful in England as in this country. So far as Boston is concerned, at least, the distributive or home trade during the week has, according to the writer, been the largest of the season so far as the leading manufactures are concerned. Yet prices are low and profits small, competition being very sharp. Missing confidence seems to have returned at last, and if the Republican party is successful in the approaching national election, it will be found to have come to stay.

TO-DAY is the last day on which you can pay your taxes.

FORTY-THREE Representatives who had served as officers in the rebellion sat in the House of Representatives of the United States on the 6th of December last. Many of them had also served in the rebel Congress. One thing was lacking to make all these rebels feel perfectly at home. FITZ HUGH, the Doorkeeper, who had served them so faithfully at Richmond, was absent. That House was fully to represent the same principles for which those men had legislated at Richmond and fought for under LEE, but their darling Doorkeeper was absent. They asked for him and he came, and the Northern wing of the party had to accept him, and FITZHUGH became a "bigger man than Old GRANT," and was only asked to withdraw after he told the world how much he was admired by the wives of members of Congress. They, however, voted him pay for three months after he had retired, simply to keep him from telling all about the sixty tons of books which Democratic Congressmen had stolen.

TO-DAY is the last day on which you can pay your taxes.

A REPUBLICAN who votes for HOPKINS or COCHRANE must find himself in a most inconsistent predicament. He votes for HAYES and WHEELER, who favor Republican principles, and then votes for HOPKINS and COCHRANE, who oppose the very principles which HAYES and WHEELER are elected to inaugurate and carry out. If TILDEN and HENDRICKS and the Democratic party are wrong, HOPKINS and COCHRANE are wrong, and there is no consistency in electing a President to save the country from Democratic rule, and then elect a Congress which will support the very principles on which TILDEN is defeated. Neither HOPKINS nor COCHRANE have ever risen above their party, and if re-elected they will represent Republicans voting for Southern war claims and other Democratic measures just as they did during the last session of Congress.

TO-DAY is the last day on which you can pay your taxes.

A VERY provoking error occurred in an editorial article published in the COMMERCIAL of yesterday, on the subject of the frauds about to be perpetrated in Indiana by the Democrats to carry that State on Tuesday next. It was WILLIAM (better known as "Buckey") MCCANDLESS, the present Secretary of Internal Affairs, to whom the writer referred as being at Indianapolis in secret conclave with the conspirators, and not WILSON MCCANDLESS, our honorable and dignified ex-Judge of the United States District Court. "Buckey" knows a thing or two about "dxing" matters, and his Philadelphia experience will be a great help to him in showing the Hoosiers how to go about their rascality.

PAY your taxes to-day.

NEITHER TILDEN nor any of his followers have been able to remove the fixed conviction in the public mind that he made a false return of his income in 1862, and continued for eight years to defraud the Government out of its just dues. In a speech made at Xenia, Ohio, the other day, Senator BLAINE made the following reference to this subject:

In the speeches I have made during the campaign I have refrained from any reference to the gigantic scandal in regard to Mr. Tilden's unpaid income tax. I have never been in the habit of making attacks on personal character in my political speeches, though few men in public life have had more provocation to do so. But I hold in my hand a semi-official letter from an officer in the Treasury Department, wholly unsolicited by me, but especially authorizing me to state publicly that, from the best information possessed by the department, Mr. Tilden owes the United States to-day from $150,000 to $250,000, on account of unpaid income tax, and this semi-official letter authorizes me further to state that, by a recent decision of the United States Circuit Court at Providence, Rhode Island, it is believed the whole of this vast sum, amounting to probably a quarter of a million of dollars, can be recovered for the benefit of the United States Treasury. I have, of course, no personal knowledge of the subject; but I make this statement on the best authority in the United States."

TO-DAY is the last day on which you can pay your taxes.

REMARKING on the Republican system of protection to home industry, the London *Times*, of the 20th ultimo, says:

The notion that the fiscal policy of the Government of the United States for some years past is destined to close that market to foreign manufactures, and that Americans will in future be able to make all they require for their own use themselves cheaper and of more excellent quality than can be produced in other countries, seems to be spreading in Europe. The prolonged depression in trade very naturally leads our manufacturers and merchants to believe that the protective policy of the United States will have the effect of compelling Americans to erect machinery for the supply of articles which up to the present time they have imported from Europe.

This is a bitter side-wipe at the free trade Democratic party of this country, its nominees and supporters.

TO-DAY is the last day on which you can pay your taxes.

DOES protection protect? The rolling mills of Tennessee and Georgia are all running double turn, with orders ahead. There are five new cotton factories being built in Georgia, one in Atlanta to cover 20,000 spindles. There is not an idle cotton factory in Georgia, and none that failed to pay a ten per cent. dividend for the last year. The two largest factories in the State paid an average of fourteen per cent. There is also a decided activity among the smaller industries, and factories are being erected for the making of hundreds of articles. The Democratic party is openly and avowedly committed to the destruction of the beneficent policy whereby this industrial vivification of the Southern States has been made possible.

TO-DAY is the last day for naturalization or for payment of taxes.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

The Illinois corn crop for this year is estimated at 270,000,000 bushels.

The Centennial is teaching the American public to travel without trunks.

Fifty ships loaded with wheat left San Francisco for Europe last month.

Grass that will make men and horses drunk grows in both Asia and Africa.

Seventy-five per cent. of the visitors at the Centennial Exhibition have been sound Republicans.

According to Adjutant General Slide, there are 3,793 fugitives who have slid out from justice in Texas.

A shrewd Yankee has been introducing mowing machines of New England manufacture in Denmark.

The total amount of coin in the State of California is estimated at a trifle over $20,000,000 at the present time.

In a Methodist belfry up in Vermont a swarm of bees have started a hive and deposited fifty pounds of honey.

The Old South Church, Boston, is the only building in Massachusetts in which it is forbidden to preach the gospel.

The old iron mines near Bennington, Vermont, are to be reopened and worked by the Messrs. Burden, of Troy, New York.

At Boston, last week, the distribution of merchandise was larger in the aggregate than at any period during the last three years.

Dr. Mary Walker has improved her costume. She now wears fringe around the bottom of her pantaloons, and asks around her tunic.

It is suggested that Medium Slade, in his trouble, should apply for protection to United States Minister Edwards Munson Pierrepont.

Sir William Thomson, the great scientist, maintains that no large proportion of the earth's interior can by any possibility be in a molten condition.

Only sixty miles from the city of New York farmers are feeding their fruit to their live stock, there being no profit on it when shipped to the metropolis.

Londoners are riding about in all the glory of new wooden pavements. In about three years they will be bumping around over all the unevenness of old ones.

It is proposed that the Eucalyptus tree, which is said to have a good effect in fever districts, be planted on the miasma-laden marshes of Long Island and New Jersey.

Philadelphia is now engaged in a great effort to save a portion of the main building of the Centennial Exhibition, with its more remarkable contents, for a perpetual exhibition.

Dead letters, no more than dead men, will tell tales hereafter, if the proposition of the Postoffice Department, to burn all such missives not containing valuables, be acceded to.

Georgia has raised this year, for the first time in twenty years, a sufficiency of corn for all her population. The same is true of oats, and nearly true of wheat and the grasses.

The Government has again directly interfered with the Southern people. It has ordered $5,000 worth of rations to be turned over to the municipal authorities at Savannah for the relief of the sufferers from yellow fever.

A committee of the New York Medico-Legal Society express the opinion that more ventilation and space are necessary in the public schools, and that the sessions of the primary department should be shortened. So here.

The Nicaraguan Canal is likely to come up in some form, the coming winter, at Washington, either in a demand for a charter of a private corporation, or for a subsidy, or in proposals from France for a joint construction of the work.

New York city is unusually healthy, just now. The death rate is sixty-four per cent. below the average of the past five years, and last week the number of deaths was 127 less than the number reported for the corresponding week in 1875.

The vine disease is spreading in France more rapidly than ever and defies all attempts at remedy. In consequence the price of land has fallen one-half and in many vineyards the product of wine will not be one-tenth of what it used to be.

The quater-centennial of the introduction of printing into England by William Caxton, an event there is a concurrence of good reasons for believing occurred in 1477, just fifteen years before the Spanish discovery of America, will be celebrated next year.

The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children is doing a good work. During the last three months it has investigated nearly three hundred cases, and sent over one hundred children to institutions or homes. The moral effect of this work has been still more widespread.

Next Tuesday the Republic of Cuba will celebrate the eighth anniversary of its declaration of independence, with no more prospect of having Cuba's freedom acknowledged than it had on the 10th of October a year ago, and no more hope than then for Spain to suppress the insurrection.

No immediate change in rates of freight between New York and the West is anticipated, as the New York Central declines to make any arrangement with the other trunk lines until they consent to make the rates from Chicago and Cincinnati to New York the same as they are to Baltimore and Philadelphia.

PERSONAL.

Professor Austin Scott, Bancroft's private secretary, has just arrived from Europe, where he has been engaged in gathering material for a new volume of the History of the United States.

Mrs. Kehoe, of New London, Connecticut, whose husband, Captain Kehoe, of the navy, died recently of yellow fever in Florida, has gone to Savannah to aid in nursing the fever patients in that city.

The Irish citizens of Richmond, Va., are raising funds for a monument to the late Ex-Governor Wise, in recognition of the stand which he took against the Know-Nothing party when he was a leader in Virginia politics.

Montgomery Blair, who since the death of Lincoln has been opposed to all the principles for which Mr. Lincoln struggled, and who has supported all the people whom Mr. Lincoln opposed, is now engaged on a life of Andrew Johnson.

Mr. Inman E. Page (colored), of Washington, has been chosen orator for class day by the class of 1877 at Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island. The students of Brown have apparently more liberal notions on the race question than some of the Southern "gentlemen" at Princeton.

Celina Montaland increased so much in size that she had to abandon the stage. She employed a Paris physician who recommended daily shampooing. Instead of getting slender she gained flesh. He shampooed her, and she shampoo-pooh'd him, besides refusing to pay his bill. The case is before the courts.

The island of Trinidad has been shipping more surplus Arabs to this country. Unsuccessful attempts were recently made to land them at Salem, Massachusetts, and then at Bangor, Maine. At the latter port two have shipped "in bond" before the mast for some port nearer home, and the rest were expected to do the like.

A curious divorce case has just been decided in London. The petitioner begged to be divorced from her husband on the ground that she was insane at the time of her marriage, being crazed with grief at the loss of a previous husband. Whilst in this prostrate condition a man of much humbler station induced her to marry him. The facts being established by the evidence the court granted the divorce.

As the Democrats are trying to obtain comfort from one of the letters of Governor Hayes' private secretary, the following is offered for their perusal. It was written, it will be perceived, before Hayes' nomination for the Presidency:

"STATE OF OHIO,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
COLUMBUS, February 9, 1876.

"*Thomas G. Baker, Esq., Secretary Union League of America:*

"DEAR SIR: Governor Hayes directs me to acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of your letter of February 3, and to say that he cordially approves of the objects of your organization as you state them, namely, correct finances, free schools and rigid official integrity, and that he will take pleasure in promoting these objects at every opportunity and by all other proper means within his power.

"Very respectfully,
"ALFRED E. LEE,
"Private Secretary."

The English Duke of Sutherland has transformed 2,000 acres of moorland into arable land, at an expense of £30 per acre, or $30,000 for the whole.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,

Advertising Agents,

37 Park Row, New York,

Desire to Call the Attention of Business Men, who wish to reach the Reading Public, to the following

FACTS:

1. They have been in the Advertising business for nearly two years, and given it constant attention and study during that time.

2. They have had, and continue to have, cordial business relations with all the newspapers and other periodicals in the United States and Canada.

3. Their records with all these publications is one of fair treatment, honorable dealing and prompt settlements.

4. In consequence of this, they can always have advertisements inserted at the publisher's *lowest rates*.

5. They are so acquainted with the entire press of the country that they can select the *best mediums* for any given purpose.

6. Having done advertising for all kinds of business, and studied the wants of their customers, they can give valuable suggestions as to the *size, style and position* which will make the most effective advertisement for the object to be attained.

7. Having frequent calls for a large number of papers, they can, in most cases, do the work done for *less cost* than the advertiser would have to pay if he sent the order direct.

8. They examine all papers, note all omissions or irregularities, secure the strict fulfillment of every stipulation of the order, and submit full files for the inspection of the advertiser.

9. They secure the advertiser the full benefit of their facilities and of their supervision *without charge*, all commissions being paid by the publishers.

10. They submit estimates for any given list of papers, or for properly covering any given district.

11. For a systematic working up of any large enterprise, they assist in the preparation of circulars, pamphlets and general reading matter, in addition to newspaper advertising.

They invite a call from any parties who contemplate advertising in any way or for any amount.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.
701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia.
10 State Street, Boston.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.

43 South Diamond St., Philadelphia City.

W. W. MARTIN.....President
JAMES E. STEVENSON.....Secretary

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between JOHN S. STONE, DANIEL STONE, GEORGE W. STONE and MARY J. KEARNEY, under the firm name of the Coal Valley Coal Company, was dissolved on 2d day of September, 1876, by mutual consent, the interest of the said Mary J. Kearney having been purchased by the said Wm. A. Stone, and the interest of the said John S. Stone having been purchased by the said Joseph A. and George W. Stone, and William A. Stone being added to said firm.

The members of the partnership are not correctly stated in the notice of dissolution heretofore given. The representatives of James S. Crumpy, deceased, never were members of said partnership.

COPARTNERSHIP.

COPARTNERSHIP.

Having associated with me my brother-in-law, CHAS. WIELAND, of St. Louis, the important business of JOHN WIELAND & CO. will be continued as heretofore at the old stand, 63 South Gay street, under the name and style of

JOHN WIELAND & CO.

Baltimore, September 1, 1876.

HOTELS.

IMPERIAL HOTEL,

The Only First-class Three-Dollar-per-Day Hotel in Washington.

In order to meet the wants of the Traveling Public, this First-class Hotel has reduced its price from Four to Three Dollars per day. The above Hotel is pleasantly located near Fourteenth street, fronting on Pennsylvania avenue, in convenient walk to Treasury, Army, Navy, State, Postoffice and Interior Departments.

N. B.—Take the Pennsylvania Avenue Horse Cars, and tell the Conductor to let you off at the Imperial Hotel. JAMES S. PIERCE, Proprietor.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL,

(FORMERLY HARE'S HOTEL.)

No. 123 Liberty Street, Foot of Fifth Avenue.

TERMS $2 PER DAY.

HUGH KEYS, Proprietor.

Centennial Reduction in Advertising.

$3.250.40

Worth of NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING given for

$700.

And A THREE MONTHS' NOTE TAKEN in payment from Advertisers of responsibility.

A Printed List,

Giving Name, Character, Actual Daily and Weekly Circulation, and Schedule Rates for Advertising, sent free to any address. Apply to

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.
NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENTS,
41 PARK ROW, NEW YORK

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES, of Ohio.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER, of New York.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson township.
CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH MCNEILL, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
JOS. M. GAZZAM, of Second ward Pittsburgh.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JOHN C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins township.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
JNO. GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair township.
ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
JAMES D. WALKER, Allegheny City.
HENRY M. LONG, Allegheny City.
WILLIAM H. GRAHAM, Allegheny City.
ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
R. S. FRAZER, Second ward, Pittsburgh.
WILLIAM J. FLINN, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—THIRD DISTRICT,
No nomination.
ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
J. MITCHELL, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh.
S. MCELROY, Jr., Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh.
A. H. WEAVER, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
J. M. SHAFER, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
JOSEPH A. STONE, McKeesport.
W. H. MCGILL, West Deer township.
ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
VINCENT MILLER, North Fayette.
WILLIAM HILL, Chartiers borough.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
TREASURER,
WM. MCCALLIN, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.
CORONER,
JOSEPH A. THOMAS, Twenty-third ward.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN KNOWLAND, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN HERRON, Shaler township.

DRY GOODS.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

FALL AND WINTER

Dry Goods AT G. SCHLEITER'S, 89 Market Street.

We are glad to announce that we have now ready for inspection the Best and Largest Assortment of FALL and WINTER DRY GOODS we have ever had the pleasure to exhibit.

More than ever determined to give our customers the Very Best Value for the Money possible, we have succeeded in bringing to the city one of the Best Selected Stocks of Desirable, Staple goods of the same kind have ever reached before. Among others we beg to mention as Special Bargains:

100 pieces Heavy Miners' Flannels at 20c.
100 pieces Extra Heavy Miners' Flannels at 25c.
100 pieces 4-4 Heavy Country Flannels at 31c.
All Wool Scarlet Flannels at 18c.

Other Grades, up to the Very Best, proportionately Low in Prices.

100 Blankets, 10-4, at $2 25, splendid value, All Wool Country Blankets, the very largest size, at $3 50 a pair.

Ladies' Cloaks, Shawl and Ladies' Suits Department we show the Latest and Newest Designs and Patterns in Fall and Winter Wear.

Ladies' Cloaks, Latest Styles, from $3 25 up.
Black and Colored Alpaca Suits at $7 50.
Ladies' Suits, Long Shawls very cheap.
Our Dress Goods and Silk Stock completes some of the Best Bargains we have ever offered.
We continue to offer the Most Popular Makes of Black Silks.
Anthony Guinet Celebrated Lyons Silks at $1 25 and $1 50 per yard.

In Black and Colored Cashmeres and in Black and Colored Alpacas we have Full and Complete Lines at Prices a little Lower than before.

We beg to assure our Patrons that we adhere strictly to the Rule of

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.

G. SCHLEITER, 89 Market Street.

N. B.—10 cases of excellent PRINTS, Dark Colored—Fast Colors—at 5½c.

EDUCATIONL.

BLAIRSVILLE LADIES' SEMINARY.

Fall Session opens THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14th. Terms moderate. Correspondence solicited. Please address

J. JEWETT PARKS, Principal,
BLAIRSVILLE, PA.

VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE (FOUNDED IN 1857), 912 and 914 South 50th street, facing Central Park. Unequalled for beauty and healthfulness. This English, Classical, French and German Family and Day School for Young Ladies will reopen September 21, 1876. Its Circulars giving full information, will be furnished on application.

REV. D. VAN NORMAN, LL. D.
MADAME VEILLER VAN NORMAN,
Principals.

Washington Female Seminary,

The next term opens SEPTEMBER 12. For terms apply to MISS N. SHERRARD,
Principal Directress.
REV. JAMES J. BROWNSON,
President Board of Trustees.

Bishop Bowman Institute.

A Collegiate School for Young Ladies, corner of Penn avenue and Fourth street. The next session of this School will begin on WEDNESDAY, September 6th, at 9 a. m. Pupils received at any time. Registers giving full information can be obtained at the Book Stores or at the Institute. The 23d year.

REV. R. J. COSTEN, Rector.

FRENCH AND GERMAN LESSONS,

PRIVATE OR IN CLASSES,

By Professor A. Danse, of the Western University, and Mrs. P. Danse, of the Pittsburgh Female College.

Terms moderate. Apply at
NO. 4 EIGHTH STREET.

KINDERGARTEN.

MRS. CORA J. AHL to reopen her
KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18th, 1876, at No. 24 ANDERSON STREET, Allegheny City.
Terms reasonable.

Kindergarten!

MISS C. L. WILSON will reopen her KINDERGARTEN AND INTERMEDIATE CLASS on
Wednesday, Sept. 27, 1876,
AT NO. 36 SIXTH STREET,
CORNER OF PENN AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

She will be assisted by Miss Morehouse, trained by Mrs. Kraus Boelte, of New York.

Circulars may be found at Backofen's and all the principal book stores, and at No. 119 Sandusky street, Allegheny. wfhs

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE,

The leading school in Pennsylvania for the education of ladies. TWENTY-SIX TEACHERS. Superior advantages in Music in the

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

connected with the College. CHARGES LESS THAN ANY SCHOOL IN THE UNITED STATES AFFORDING EQUAL ADVANTAGES AND ACCOMMODATIONS. Fall Term commences SEPTEMBER 7. Send to REV. I. C. PERSHING, D.D., Pittsburgh, Pa., for a Catalogue. TTHS

CENTENNIAL HOTELS.

ELM AVENUE HOTEL,

FIFTY-FIRST AND ELM AVENUE, opposite the west end of Machinery Hall, Centennial Buildings, Philadelphia.

FIVE HUNDRED ROOMS.

A Single Room and Bed for $1 per day.

A. ROELOFS, Proprietor.

LA PIERRE HOUSE

Corner Broad and Chestnut Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

STRICTLY FIRST CLASS
IN ALL ITS APPOINTMENTS.

Terms $2 50 to $4 50 per day, according to time and location of rooms.

Centennial Visitors Can Obtain First-class Hotel Accommodations by Correspondence.

THE UNION HOTEL,

1314 Arch St., Philadelphia,

THE SMEDLEY HOUSE

1227 Filbert St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Two first-class Hotels under one management Location central and pleasant. Terms reasonable THOS. S. WEBB, J. MURRAY WEBB, Proprietor. Superintendent.

Prices at Smedley House, $2 00 to $2 50 per day at Union Hotel, $3 00 per day.

VISITORS TO PHILADELPHIA

WILL DO WELL TO VISIT

Wanamaker's Popular Dining Rooms,

NO. 42 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

ABOVE CHESTNUT STREET.

Strangers generally are pleased with the Attention they receive and the Prices charged.

PATENTS.

Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets, or 39 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh
Send for circular

DRY GOODS.

1876.

New Arriva

New and Fresh Attractions.

William Semple,

165, 167 and 169

FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

TYCOON REPPS.

At 12½c, 15 and 18¾c, a very large line of Tycoon Repps for Wrappers, sold always at 25c.

NEW DRESS GOODS

Just arrived and opened, a very large and beautiful line of New Dress Suitings and materials for Overdresses, in plain Alpacas and Mohairs, Mohair and French Brocades, Damasse, Satin and heavy French Sateen Brocades. Cashmere Suitings, with Cardinal, and Navy Blue, Striped, new Striped and Plain Brocades.

SILKS AND CASHMERES.

Colored Cashmeres in an elegant line of new and rich leading colors, in all qualities at the lowest prices.

All the leading bargains in Black and Colored Dress Silks at our usual low prices.

Special good bargains in Black Cashmeres, all numbers, those at 75c, 85c, 95c and $1, being unusual good value.

WOOLEN GOODS.

In Woolen Goods we are prepared to offer special inducements.

FLANNELS.

At 8c, 10c and 12½c, good heavy Barred Shirting Flannels.

At 16½c and 17c, extra good value in Blue, Grey Twilled Flannels.

Heavy Eastern and Country Barred and Plain Colored Flannels at the lowest prices.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Extra good value in our Men's Wear Department, Cassimeres, Cloths, Jeans, Waterproofs, &c., all offered at bargains.

NOTE.—Our house having had dur are prepared to offer a very comple such low prices as make it a most fa

James Caldwell & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED A NEW STOCK OF

Fall and Winter

DRESS GOODS

Which Buyers will find worthy of inspection before making their purchases.

A large stock of Black Silks from 81 to 85 per yard. Plain and Colored Dress Silks in all the new shades.

Black and Colored Cashmeres from 75c to $2 per yard.

Black and Colored Merinos at very low prices.

Black English Cashmere from 31 to 75c per yard.

Black and Colored Matalese and Pique Cloths for Suits and Costumes.

Debeges, Vigone and Camel's Hair Cloths.

A large stock of Brocade Dress Goods from 25 to 75c per yard.

Plain Plaid and Stripe Dress Goods from 15 to 25c per yard.

A choice line of Tycoon Reps, 12½ to 15c.

Black Silk Warp Cashmeres and Henrietta Cloths.

Black Alpacas, Mohair Lustres and Brilliantteens at greatly reduced prices.

Black Silk Mantilla Velvets.

Black and Colored Trimming Velvets.

A choice stock of New Styles of Beaver Cloth and Matalese Cloaks and Sacques.

Cashmere Overdresses and Polonaise

Ladies' Suits and Costumes.

DRY GOODS

Saturday,

Is and Most Attractive

Latest Fall and Winter Styles.

William Semple,

165, 167 and 169

FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

SACQUES.

At $3, Ladies' extra heavy Beaver Cloth Sacques, and a large and attractive line in Ladies' and Misses' Fall and Winter Sacques—Embroidered, Braided, Silk and Fur Trimmed and Plain. Country and Berlin manufacture, at our lowest prices.

SUITINGS.

At the lowest prices, Ladies' Alpaca, Black and Colored Cashmere, Silk and of newest and latest materials. Suits made in very latest styles.

Childrens and Misses' Braided Suits just received.

CLOAKS AND HOODS.

At $2 50 upwards, Infants' Double Merino Cloaks, Silk Trimmed; new line just opened.

Ladies' Wrappers, Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks, Children's Waterproof Dresses.

At $1 75 upwards, Heavy Beaver and Sacquing Cloths.

SHAWLS.

Just received and op

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, October 6, 1876.

The money market does not show much change since last report. Business at the bank counters is reported brisk, occasioned in a great measure, doubtless, by the quarterly settlement of accounts.

Money is plenty for "good" borrowers, of which class there appears to be an increase during the past few days; not sufficient, however, to affect rates, which continue to rule easy.

Bank notes are in good supply, and exchange is quoted at par in settlement between the banks. The Comptroller of the Currency has called on the national banks for a statement of their condition at the close of business Monday, October 24.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the banks of this city are in good condition.

—The following stocks and real estate were sold last evening at the real estate and stock salesrooms of Thomas F. Stewart, 65 Fifth avenue, corner Wood street:

Allegheny Savings Bank (original shares).....	$ 250 00
Allegheny Savings Bank (new).....	50 00
Armenia Insurance Co.....	80 50
Iron City National Bank.....	87 00
House No. 20 Stockton avenue.....	5,000 00
Adams Express building, Fifth avenue	43,000 00
Exchange National Bank.....	91 00

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day, furnished by the Fifth National Bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

October 6, 1876.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Gold.....	109¾	109¾	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
U. S. 6's 1881, coup..	116¾	116⅝	.....	.....	116⅝	.....
5-20's, 1865, reg.....	112	112	.....	.....	112	.....
5-20's, 1865, coupons..	112	112	.....	.....	111⅞	.....
5-20's, 1867, registered	115	115	.....	.....	.....	.....
5-20's, 1867.....	115⅛	115	.....	.....	.....	.....
5-20's, 1868, registered	116¾	116¾	.....	.....	.....	.....
5-20's, 1868.....	116¾	116¾	.....	.....	.....	.....
10-40's, registered..	114½	114½	.....	.....	.....	.....
10-40's, coupons..	114½	114½	.....	.....	.....	.....
Currency 6's.....	123½	123½	.....	.....	.....	.....
New 5 per cents.....	113¾	113¾	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western Union Tel..	71¾	71¾	71¾	71⅝	71⅝	71¾
Quicksilver.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pacific Mail.....	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23¼	23⅜	23⅜
Pacific Express.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140	.....
Adams Express.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105	.....
Wells-Fargo Express..	70¾	.....	.....	.....	70¾	.....
American Express....	58¾	.....	.....	.....	59¼	.....
United States Express	61	.....	.....	.....	61	.....
New York Central....	102	101⅞	101⅞	.....	101⅞	101⅞
Erie.....	18¾	.....	.....	.....	18¾	18¾
Michigan Central....	45	.....	.....	.....	44⅞	44⅞
Canada Southern....	55⅞	55⅝	.....	.....	55⅝	55⅝
Illinois Central....	83	.....	.....	.....	83	.....
Cleveland & Pitts....	86	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago & Northwest	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	36¼
Do. preferred.....	67⅜	68¼	69⅛	68¾	61	61
Milwaukee & St. Paul	9	.....	.....	.....	9	9
Do. preferred....	22¾	.....	.....	.....	22¾	22¾
St. Paul common....	23¾	27¾	27¾	28	28¼	27¾
Do. preferred.....	57	.....	.....	.....	57	57
Wabash, common....	4¾	.....	.....	.....	5	5⅛
Do. preferred.....	9	.....	.....	.....	9	9
Ohio & Mississippi..	10⅝	10⅝	.....	.....	10⅝	10⅝
Union Pacific.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62¾	.....
Harlem.....	134	134	.....	.....	134	.....
Hud. Central.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	28⅜
Hud. River.....	34	.....	.....	.....	34	34
Iron Mountain.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Del. & Hud.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mo. & Ft. Pacific....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2¾
Del., Lack. & West..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina, ap..	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina, ass..	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tenn. C. & I.'s.....	18¾	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

—The following is the report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

Stocks.	Bid.	Asked.	Sales.
Pennsylvania Central....	.....	.....	45½
Reading.....	.....	.....	20
United Cos. of N. J.....	.....	.....	125
Fish, Kittle & Buffalo..	.....	.....	9½
Lehigh Valley.....	.....	.....	40½
Central Transportation..	.....	.....	40

[By Associated Press.]

Gold Closed at 109¾.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Money closed easy at 2@3 per cent. Customs receipts $246,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $17,000. Clearings $33,000,000. Sterling firm at 482@485.

FAILURE OF A PROMINENT STOCK BROKER.

This morning H. A. Patterson notified the Stock Exchange that he had suspended. For a long time he has been one of the most active speculators in the Exchange and a conspicuous seller of coal and other stocks. His outstanding contracts are variously estimated at from forty to sixty thousand shares. A large part of these were privately settled, and the remainder have been or will be closed by purchases under the rule. Up to twelve o'clock six thousand shares had been bought in under the rule. As the bear speculators have made such large profits in the past few months, the failure created surprise. The effect is naturally to weaken the bear influence. No other failures have yet been announced.

GOLD.

Gold opened 109¾, declined to 109¾ and closed at 109¾. Borrowing rates ¼@1 per cent. Loans also made flat.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government bonds weak. Railroad bonds firm, especially for coal and Lake Shore and Northwestern. The stock market was active and excited during the greater portion of the day and a very large business was transacted. At times considerable buoyancy prevailed, and some shares reached the highest prices yet made, but the final dealings there was a reaction in some cases. Among coal stocks New Jersey Central advanced to 40¾ and closed at 38¾; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western advanced to 71¾, Delaware and Hudson Canal rose to 58¾, and closed at 58. There was considerable realizing in these stocks to-day, as there was also in the general market. Michigan Central, after rising to 46, fell off to 44 and closed at 44½; Lake Shore rose to 56¾, fell off to 55¾, and closed at 55¾; New York Central advanced to 103 and Rock Island to 109¾, but closed at 109¾ and 104½, respectively. Pacific Mail rose to 23¾ and closed at 23¾; Western Union advanced to 71¾, with last sale at 71¾. Northwestern shares were strong late in the day and advanced to 36¾ for common and to 61¾ for preferred, closing at these figures. St. Paul shares were weak, the common declining to 27¾ and preferred to 57¾. There was a final general recovery at the close. Hannibal and St. Joe common rose to 14¾, preferred to 34, Wabash to 5 and Ohio and Mississippi to 11. There was a reaction on these stocks of ¼@¾ per cent. at the close. Transactions were 210,000 share, of which 8,000 were Pacific Mail, 15,000 Western Union, 9,000 Northwestern, 4,000 Rock Island, 1,400 St. Paul, 50,000 Lake Shore, 4,000 New York Central, 3,000 Ohio and Mississippi, 9,800 Wabash, 15,000 Michigan Central, 15,000 Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and 28,000 New Jersey Central. The following were the closing quotations:

Stocks.		Stocks.	
W. U. Telegraph....	71¾	Rock Island.....	109¾
Quicksilver.....	15	Do. preferred....	55
Do. preferred.....	19	Do. preferred....	58½
Pacific Mail.....	23¾	Toledo & Wabash..	12½
Marlpoba.....	6	Do. preferred....	6½
Do., preferred....	8	Ft. Wayne.....	102
Adams Express.....	105	Terre Haute.....	3½
Wells-Fargo Ex....	82	Do. preferred....	15
American Ex.....	59	Chicago & Alton..	93½
U. S. Express.....	61	Do. preferred....	119
New York Central..	103½	Ohio & Mississippi.	10¾
Erie.....	18¾	Delaware & Lack.	71¾
Do. preferred....	35	Atlantic & P. Tel.	8½
Harlem.....	133½	Missouri Pacific..	23
Do. preferred....	134	Indianapolis & St. L.	2
Michigan Central..	44½	Indiana Central..	3½
Panama.....	115	Quicksilver.....	14
Lake Shore.....	56¾	Hannibal & St. Joe	12¾
Illinois Central...	87	Union Pac. stock..	62
Cleveland & Pitts.	86	Union Pac. bonds..	87
Northwestern.....	36¾	Union Pac. bonds..	87
Do. preferred....	61	Do. land grants..	76½
C., C. & I.C.....	10	Do. S. F. bonds..	91¾
N. J. Central.....	38¾		

GOVERNMENTS.

U. S. coupons, 1881..	116¾	New 5's.....	113½
5-20's, 1865.....	112	New 4½ per ct. bds.	110
5-20's, 1865, new.....	112¾	10-40's, registered..	112¾
5-20's, 1867.....	114	10-40's, coupons..	114
5-20's, 1868.....	116	Currency 6's.....	123

STATE BONDS.

Tennessee, old.....	44¾	Virginia, old.....	26
Tennessee, new.....	43¾	Missouri 6's.....	103¾
Virginia, new.....	26		

LONDON, October 6, 5 P. M.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from Bank of England on balance to-day is £30,000. Consols 95¾. United States bonds—5-20's, 1865, 100; do 1867, 103¾; 10-40's, 107¾; new 5's, 105¾. Railroad securities—Illinois Central and Erie, 9¾; do preferred 17.

PARIS, October 6.—Rentes 106 francs 5 centimes.

FRANKFORT, October 6.—United States bonds —New 5's 102¾.

DUNDEE, SCOTLAND, October 6.—George Scheiesman & Kendall and Fidia Spinning have failed. Liabilities of the former $150,000, of the latter $45,000.

NEW ORLEANS, October 6.—Gold 109¾. Sight exchange on New York ¼ per cent. discount. Sterling 928.

GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } FRIDAY, October 6, 1876. }

We are reported a moderately active market, and prices, as a general thing, are well maintained. Taken as a whole, a fair volume of trade was transacted. The receipts for most descriptions of produce are steadily increasing. Dealers, while disposed to purchase, are not inclined to overload; they prefer buying often rather than let stocks accumulate; in fact, this is the situation in all leading branches of trade. Our rivers are in fair navigable order; freights, however, are not very plenty.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce in this city since our last are as follows:

Flour, bbls.....	2,995	Apples, bbls.....	83
Cheese, lbs.....	485	Onions, sacks.....	1,509
Wheat, bus.....	3,220	Barley, bus.....	457
Rye, bus.....	110	Oats, bus.....	2,688
Butter, pkgs.....	107	Potatoes, bbls.....	150
Bacon, lbs.....	22	Potatoes, bus.....	723
Hay, bales.....	65		

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Prices of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free in elevator:

Grain, Flour and Feed.

Dealers continue to note a steady trade demand for most articles that come under this head, as will be perceived. There has been a steady increase in the receipts of wheat, together with a good local demand. So far as prices are concerned, we have nothing new to note. The current rates are as follows: We quote new winter red at $1 20@1 22 per bushel for prime red; $1 22@1 25 for choice do; $1 27 for amber; $1 30@1 32 for white. Corn is tolerably active, but very quiet, the supply and demand being both rather limited. We quote shelled at 57@58c for prime yellow Kansas; 55@56c for Ohio ditto; 54@55c for high-mixed; 53@53c for low-mixed. Ear is quiet at 50@52c for high-mixed; 47@48c for low-mixed. Oats continue active at yesterday's rates. The supply is more liberal and prices are somewhat easier but rules generally at our figures. We quote prime white at 39@40c; mixed do 37@38c. Rye is firm, with a rather light supply. Holders quote at 65@68c. Barley is steady, but rather slow. We quote at 80@81 10 for prime spring. Jobbing sales are made at the usual advance.

FLOUR—We can report a continued good demand, more particularly for favorite brands, with a slight inclination to higher prices. The receipts were 2,995 barrels against the previous twenty-four hours. Rates current, as follows for the wholesale trade of local millers: Extra, 1 white wheat flour $6 00@6 50; No. 1 baker do $5 50@6 00 per barrel. For the jobbing prices of the leading dealers for standard brands of flours are steady as follows: Choice brands of spring wheat flour $6 50@7 00; choice white wheat $7 50@7 75; do 50@6 25; fancy St. Louis $5 50@6 00; choice patents $6 50@6 00; choice Ohio do $6 50@6 75; rye flour $4 50@4 75 per barrel.

HAY—The stock in the market is a limited one, still prices have not advanced. We quote as follows: Prime No. 1 timothy $13 00@14 00 ₩ ton; No. 2 $11 00@12 00; upland prairie $10 00@11 00; mixed baled $10 00@11 00; loose hay from store $15 00@16 00. Loose hay in wagon sold at the way from $11 00@15 00 ₩ ton, as to quality.

MILL FEED—The market contains a fair supply, and prices have been uniform for some time with an active market. We quote bran at $1 50@1 60 ₩ ton; seconds and shipstuffs at $1 60@1 65; middling $20 00@21 00; chopped feed $20 00@21 00.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Receipts are coming in a little more freely with a proportionate increase in the demand, and prices are steady. We quote at $1 25@1 50 per bbl for choice; 50c@$1 00 for common.

BEANS—Dealers report a fair trade demand at unchanged prices, viz.: small white navy $1 15@1 25 ₩ barrel.

BROOM CORN—Is as more fancied. We quote choice hurl with sales at 7@8½c, as to quality; green 4@5c; red tipped 5@5½c; inferior 3@4c; crooked 3@3½c.

BUTTER—We can report an active market of prime deal changing hands, particularly solid packed 24@25c; choice dairy rolls 20@23c; fancy creamery 33@36c; common grades are dull and neglected.

CIDER—The demand is active and prices are firm. We quote prime Ohio factory in round lots at 12c ₩ ₺ for August makes; jobbing at 12½@13c; September choice rules at 11c in round lots. New York Goshen rules at 12½@13c in round lots; 13@13½c in a jobbing way.

CHEESE—The market is easy and prices are lower, ruling to-day at $5 50@6 00 ₩ bushel.

EGGS—Are moving steadily and without decided alteration. We quote strictly fresh at 18@19c ₩ dozen with occasional business at 20c.

FEATHERS—Choice are quoted at 60@65c in wholesale lots; lower qualities 50@60c.

FRESH FRUITS—The stock of grapes has been materially reduced, hence prices are well maintained with sales at $1 00 per cent. Pears are steady at $2 00@2 50 per bushel.

HONEY—There is a fair demand, market with new domestic ruling at 20c ₩ ₺; new California 20@22c ₩ ₺.

POULTRY—The demand is fair and the market is steady. We quote live chickens at 35@45c ₩ pair by the coop.

POTATOES—Are dull. Buyers are disposed to purchase sparingly. Irish are selling in a jobbing way from store at 70@80c ₩ bushel. Sweet in good supply; Jerseys $3 25@3 50; Baltimores $2 50@3 00.

ONIONS—Are in rather more plenty and easier $2 25@2 50 ₩ barrel.

SEEDS—Timothy seed is dull and weak at $2 00@2 15 per bushel. Clover seed is quiet and easy at $7 50@8 00 ₩ bushel.

VINEGAR—There is a moderate demand at 16@18c ₩ gallon for prime country stock; 14@16c for best city makes.

Provisions.

Dealers report a firm market and good demand for local purposes, the rates being as follows:

BACON—The market is steady. Jobbing quotations are as follows: Shoulders 8½c ₩ pound; short rib sides 10¾c; clear sides 11¾c.

CURED AND CURED MEATS—Hams were easier at 15½c for extra sugar-cured. Breakfast bacon rules easy and we quote sugar-cured at 14c. Sugar-cured shoulders were steady at 10c. Dried beef, sugar-cured, was firm at 15½c. Beef tongues, ₩ dozen, are quoted at $9 00@7 00.

LARD—Demand fair and market firm. We quote refined lard in tierces 12c ₩ ₺; in half barrels 12¼c ₩ ₺; in buckets 13c ₩ ₺; in 3 ₺ caddies 14c ₩ ₺; in 5-₺ caddies 14c ₩ ₺; in 3-₺ pails 14c ₩ ₺; in 5-₺ pails 15c ₩ ₺.

LARD OIL—The market is firmer. We quote extra winter-strained 88@90c per gallon; No. 1 at 78@78c ₩ gallon; No. 2 at 64@66c; miners' oil, white winter, 66c; yellow 60c.

MESS PORK—Continues steady at $18 50 ₩ barrel.

TALLOW—We quote chandlers', city rendered, at 9¾@9¾c ₩ ₺; country do 7¾@8c ₩ ₺.

Groceries

The demand for staple groceries was somewhat limited to-day by various temporary causes, out on the whole a moderately good business, under the circumstances, was secured. Prices current are steady and unchanged, as follows:

Green Coffees.	₩ ₺.	Sugars.	
Fancy Rio.....	24	c Standard A.....	10¾@10⅞c
Choice Rio.....	23	c Choice A No. 1..	10¼@10⅜c
Prime Rio.....	22	c Extra C No. 1..	9¾@10c
Good Rio.....	20	c Extra C—yel..	9¼@9½c
Ordinary Rio.....	19	c Yellow C.....	8¾@9c
Java.....	30	c Franklin, B..	10@10½c
Roasted Coffees.		Cut Loaf.....	12 c
Rio, in papers..	25@27	c Crushed.....	11½c
20 grades do.	23¼@25	c Powdered.....	11½c
Rio, in bulk..	23	c Granulated....	11½c
Java, in papers..	35	c Molasses.	₩ gal.
Java, in bulk..	34½	c Strp ch. N. O..	48c
Teas.		Syrup, ordinary..	40c
Young Hyson..	25@70	1 00 Good.....	50@60c
Gunpowder..	35@80	1 00	
Imperial....	30@60	90 Ex. white drips..	65c
Japan.....	25@50	85 Sugar drips.....	55c
Oolong.....	25@50	85 Lower grades..	25@45c
Fancy do....	1 00	1 25 Soaps.	
Souchong....	28@	75 Irish soaps, ₩ box..	$4 00
Rice.		S. S. Star, ₩ box..	5 75
Choice Car'la..	6¼@7	c Babbitt's best, ₩ box	6 75
Patna.....	6½@7	c Gold dust.....	6 25
Rangoon.....	7	c Extra olive do..	3 80
Louisiana....	6	c Do. X. Tar, ₩ ₺..	c
Starch.		c Do. X. mottled..	7@7½c
Pearl.....	3½@4	c California, ₩ box..	4 20
Silver glos....	5½@6	c Soda.	
Corn.....	3½@10¼	c Bi-carb, in kegs	4@5 c
Spices (whole.)		c Bi-carb, in 10-₺ pkgs	5 c
Cloves.....	40	c Sal soda, in kegs..	2½@3c
Alspice.....	17	c Candles.	
Cassia.....	30@35	c Star, full wt..	16 c
Nutmegs....	80	c Stearine.....	11@13 c
Pepper.....	18	c Mould.....	10@10½c

FISH—A moderate business is done at steady quotations, as follows:

	Per bbl.		
Extra No. 1 Mess mackerel.....	$25 00	Round herring..	5 50
Extra No. 1 shore	20 00	Split Labrador do	7 50
Extra No. 2 large	17 00	Lake Pick., hf-bbls	3 50
Extra No. 2 large	12 00	Lake Herring....	2 50
No. 2 medium....	10@11	L'ge Georges cod-	
No. 3 large....	10 00	fish, ₩ ₺.....	6½c
No. 3 medium....	8 00	Mackerel, shores..	5 00
No. 1 family....	6 00	Halibut, ₩ ₺.....	12c
Lake Trout, do..	6 00	Smoked herring, ₩ ₺	8c
		Scaled herring do	40

FOREIGN FRUITS—There is a moderate trade. We quote as follows: Valentias, old, per box, $2 25; London layers, new, $3 75; Valentias, old, 9½c ₩ ₺; new do, 9½c; Sultanas in boxes, new, 12½c; currants 7½c. Citron 30c. Prunes 6c. Almonds—Languedoc 35c; Ivica 30c; Sicily 35c; Princess 37c; do Jordan 55c, do Ivica 22c. Walnuts—Naples 20c; Marbot 15c; Sicily filberts 13c. Pecans 15c. Brazil nuts 10c. Maccaroni 11@13c. Tapioca 10c. Lemons—Palermo, ₩ box, $7 50. Oranges are firm at $6 ₩ box. Cocoanuts $7 50@8 00 ₩ 100.

CANNED GOODS—Trade is fair at unchanged quotations. We report sales as follows: 2 lbs corn, $2 00; raspberries do @ $2 00; strawberries do @ $1 75; gooseberries do @ $1 30; pineapples do, $2 20; blackberries do, $1 75; peaches, 3 ₺ cans doz, $2 25; tomatoes do, $1 85; pickles, bbls, $8 50; half-bbls, $5 00.

Petroleum.

The market since our last has undergone no material change for home uses. Refined held at 25c; New York shipping order 26c; Baltimore and Philadelphia 25½@26c. Parkers—The market has been very inactive to-day. There was no sight and fluctuations not exceeding 2½c per barrel. Opening prices were 72½c, from which it fell off on pressure of sales to 81 6/8, and quickly reacting to 82 6/8c, then back to 82c, where it now rests. Shipping demand and prices nominally 80@82½ above certificates. Union Run under United and Consolidated rates 83 6/8@83 6/8.

(By Western Union Telegraph.)

OIL CITY, October 6.—The *Derrick* says: The opening market was $1 60, after which offerings were made at $3 57½, then advanced to $3 60@3 62½, opened again to $3 60, and steadily rallied to $3 65½; about 15,000 barrels, buyer's week, sold at $3 62½; at six o'clock $3 65½ bid for buyer month. Little was done after six. Market closed at $3 62½. Shipment in but little demand, and prices as to-day the same as yesterday. Total sales and shipments 45,000 barrels.

TITUSVILLE, October 6.—The *Courier* says: The market was very quiet throughout the day; transactions being limited to 20,000 barrels at the latter figures; shipment $3 82½@3 85. Sales 23,500 barrels.

NEW YORK, October 6.—The closing October 5.—The whole position of the market is essentially as before. Reports manifest that little interest are chiefly engaged in shipping the oil turned in on maturing contracts. Refiners keep aloof, and are not urging further trade, holding to recentfigures. Crude in bulk is quoted at 82c; do in shipping order nominal. Refined 26c; refined in cases 30@31c; naptha 16c for city. At Baltimore refined 25c; at Philadelphia 26c.

TIDIOUTE, October 6.—Market quiet at $3 75.

ROUSEVILLE, October 6.—Market quiet and dull; held at $3 70.

OIL CITY, October 6.—Market weak and nothing doing at $3 60; July to June Untile; immediate shipment nominally $3 70.

TITUSVILLE, October 6.—Market quiet; quoted for Upper road at $3 50@3 52½.

PARKERS, October 6.—Market firm but quiet; United $3 63½ bid; $3 62½ asked; Union nominally $3 50, with nothing doing in shipment.

PHILADELPHIA, October 6.—Market quiet in first hands and no offering to sell; standard white 25½c bid; crude 12½c; cases 30c.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, October 6.—Petroleum dull and nominal; crude 14c; refined 26c; cases 30c; naptha 14c.

BALTIMORE, October 6.—Petroleum easier but not quotably lower.

PHILADELPHIA, October 6.—Petroleum dull; refined 25½c; crude in barrels 17¼@18c.

LONDON, October 6.—Refined petroleum 17¾d.

LIVERPOOL, October 6.—Refined petroleum 18¾@19d; spirits do 11¾d.

ANTWERP, October 6.—Refined petroleum 49¾ francs.

CLEVELAND, October 6.—Market unchanged.

OIL RECEIPTS.

	Barrels.
Refined.....	1,877
Crude.....	2,914

IRON MARKETS.

Weekly Review of the Pig Iron Market.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } SATURDAY, October 7, 1876. }

The market for pig metal has been very quiet the past week, and sales not large, but the prices remain about the same as at date of our last. First-class forge iron is held firm at about $22 @ 4 tons. *Inferior* grades are offered at a slight concession from last week's prices.

We are reported the following sales:

BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

200 tons grey forge.....	$20 50@21 50—4 mos
200 tons grey forge, extra.....	22 00—5 mos
150 tons grey forge.....	22 00—4 mos
100 tons No. 1 foundry.....	22 50—Cash.
40 tons No. 2 foundry.....	22 50—4 mos
35 tons No. 1 foundry.....	24 00—4 mos
21 tons No. 1 foundry, extra..	25 00—4 mos

CHARCOAL.

220 tons No. 1, 2 and 3 H. R..	$23 00@27 00—4 mos
200 tons No. 2 and 3 H. R..	23 00@24 00—4 mos
105 tons No. 1, 2 and 3 H. R..	25 00@28 00—4 mos

CONNELLSVILLE COKE.

100 tons grey forge.....	$21 00—4 mos
20 tons No. 2 foundry.....	23 00—4 mos
10 tons No. 1 foundry.....	24 00—4 mos

ALLEGHENY COKE.

300 tons grey, mottled and white.	Private terms
40 tons foundry.....	$23 00—4 mos

ANTHRACITE.

200 tons grey forge.....	$20 00—30 days

MONTHLY IRON REPORT.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } SATURDAY, October 7, 1876. }

The following are the receipts of pig iron, ores, blooms, muck bar and scrap iron received by the various railroads for September, 1876. It will be found useful for reference:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY.

	Blms tons.	Ore, tons.	Met'l tons.
Nimick & Co.....	.....	.....	4,170
Edgar Thomson Steel Works	.....	.....	2,040
Isabella Furnace.....	.....	1,380	.....
Byers, McCullough & Co..	.....	.....	984
Lauchlin & Co.....	.....	1,092	.....
Shoenberger, A. & Co..	.....	1,176	.....
Painter & Sons.....	.....	.....	228
Wilson, W. & Co.....	.....	.....	120
Cannon, Oliver & Phillips	.....	.....	192
Lewis, Dalzell & Co.....	.....	.....	312
Graff, Bennett & Co.....	.....	.....	324
Rees, Graff & Woods.....	.....	.....	48
Caughey & Hasleman....	.....	.....	60
Wm. Clark & Co.....	.....	.....	220
Pittsb'gh Forge and Iron Co.	48	.....	480
Jones & Laughlin.....	.....	.....	876
Graff, Bennett & Co.....	.....	.....	864
Lindsay & McCutcheon....	.....	.....	180
Zug & Co.....	.....	.....	424
Rees, Smythe & Co.....	.....	.....	612
J. Reamer.....	.....	.....	96
Various consignees.....	216	399	576
Total.....	288	5,616	12,180

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Blms tons.	Ore, tons.	Met'l tons.
John Moorhead.....	.....	528	180
Byers, McCullough & Co..	.....	.....	120
Lucy Furnace.....	.....	.....	48
Wilson, Walker & Co.....	.....	.....	144
Wm. Smith & Son.....	.....	.....	24
Jones & Laughlin.....	.....	.....	24
Various consignees.....	.....	156	120
Total.....	.....	684	660

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Blms tons.	Ore, tons.	Met'l tons.
A. H. Childs.....	.....	.....	700
J. Reamer.....	72	.....	480
H. Lloyd, Son & Co..	.....	.....	36
J. W. Porter.....	.....	.....	144
Nimick & Co.....	.....	.....	816
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips..	.....	26	96
Caughey & Hailman.....	.....	.....	324
John Moorhead.....	.....	.....	96
Painter & Sons.....	.....	.....	24
Various consignees.....	72	.....	288
Total.....	144	36	3,004

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Blms tons.	Ore, tons.	Met'l tons.
Rees, Graff & Woods.....	86	180	60
Isabella Furnace.....	.....	768	.....
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips..	.....	648	72
Phillips, Nimick & Co....	.....	.....	300
Lucy Furnace.....	1,128	.....	.....
Shoenberger, B. & Co....	.....	960	.....
Nimick & Co.....	.....	.....	48
Pitts'gh Forge and Iron Co..	.....	456	.....
H. Lloyd, Son & Co.....	48	48	24
Graff, Bennett & Co.....	.....	252	.....
Soho Furnace.....	.....	60	.....
Anderson & Woods.....	132	.....	.....
Lewis, Daizell & Co.....	.....	72	.....
Lindsay & McCutcheon....	.....	.....	96
Brown & Co.....	.....	.....	240
Wm. Clark & Co.....	.....	.....	240
Caughey & Hailman.....	.....	.....	12
Various consignees.....	120	36	312
Total.....	386	4,608	1,212

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

WEST PENN RAILROAD.

	Metal, tons.
Various consignees.....	132

LAWRENCEVILLE.

	Metal, tons.
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips..	216
Graff, Bennett & Co.....	504
J. Painter & Sons.....	252
McLain, Harper & Co.....	12
Total.....	936

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

	M. & tons.	P. tons.
A. H. Childs.....	.....	.....
Everson, Macrum & Co.....	15	7
Total.....	15	7

SCRAP IRON.

The following are the receipts of scrap iron by rail for September 1876:

	Tons.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.....	1,075
Pennsylvania.....	1,068
Cleveland and Pittsburgh.....	648
Allegheny Valley.....	261
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis.....	192
Pittsburgh and Connelsville.....	120
Total.....	3,364

BRITISH IRON MARKET.

Scotch Pig—There is a large business doing, and the demand is still improving. The following are makers' quotations:

Gartsherrie No. 1.....	66s
Coltness No. 1.....	68s 6d
Glengarnock No. 1.....	65s 6d
Eglinton No. 1.....	57s 6d

Manufactured iron—A large business has been done; the demand is improving and prices are firm. The following are quotations:

Rails unchanged.—*Cable Special to Iron Age*, October 4.

NEW YORK.

October 5.—American *Pig.*—There is nothing of consequence to report; the sales during the week have been extremely light. We quote as before: No. 1 foundry $22 00; No. 2 foundry $20 00; grey forge $19 00@20 00.

Scotch Pig.—A few sales in a very small way are reported. We continue our quotation, viz.: Coltness $28 50; Glengarnock $27 50; Eglinton $27 00.

Rails.—The condition of the market is unchanged since our last report. We continue to quote American, at works, $38 00@40 00.

Old Rails—Are inactive, and in the absence of transactions, we quote them nominally at $21 00.

Scraps—We quote as before: Wrought, from yard, $20 00@27 00.

CINCINNATI.

[By R. R. Hall & Co.]

October 6.—Pig iron—Our market closes with a somewhat improved demand for foundry and mill irons, and consumers, when in the market, appear less timid of purchasing round lots. The best grades of foundry irons are not in large supply and are held firmly at quotations:

HOT-BLAST FOUNDRY.

Hanging Rock, No. 1, charcoal.....	Per ton. $23 50@24 00—4 mos
Hanging Rock, No. 2, charcoal.....	22 50@23 00—4 mos
Hanging Rock, No. 1, coke..	23 50@24 00—4 mos
Hanging Rock, No. 2, coke..	21 50@22 00—4 mos
Hanging Rock, No. 1, stone-coal.....	21 50@22 00—4 mos
Virginia, No. 1, coke..	23 00—4 mos
Virginia, No. 2, coke..	21 00@21 50—4 mos
Alabama and Tennessee, No. 1, charcoal.....	23 00—4 mos
Alabama and Tennessee, No. 2, charcoal.....	21 50—4 mos
Red short, No. 1, coke.....	20 00—4 mos
Red short, No. 2, coke.....	24 50—4 mos
Alice F. Scotch, No. 1..	24 50—4 mos
Southern Ohio American Scotch, No. 1.....	22 00—4 mos

FOUNDRY IRONS.

Hanging Rock, No. 1, charcoal.....	$21 00@21 50—4 mos
Hanging Rock, No. 1, coke..	19 00@20 00—4 mos
Virginia, No. 1, coke....	20 50@21 00—4 mos
Alabama and Tennessee, No. 1, charcoal.....	20 50@21 00—4 mos
Red short, No. 1, coke.....	22 00@23 00—4 mos
Cold short, No. 1

CITY MATTERS.

For eighty-five cents per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Weather Report.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV., ROOM 53, FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, PA., October 6, 1876.

Time.	Bar.	Th'r	Hum	Dir.	Force.	Weath.
				—WIND.—		
7 A. M..	29 603	59	76	W.	12 m'ls	Fair.
2 P. M..	29 582	6	52	S. W.	12 m'ls	Fair.
9 P. M.	29 790	53	53	W.	18 m'ls	Cloudy

Mean barometer....29.659 Highest thermom.. 65
Mean thermom.... 60.7 Lowest thermom.. 50
Rainfall..... 0.02"

Smythe Equal to the Emergency.

In addition to his champion 4th of excursion, which takes in the Centennial and all the New York City, extending ten days' sights of New York to the 19th inst., W. C. Smythe has from the 9th to the 19th inst., W. C. Smythe has projected a companion $7 excursion over the Pennsylvania Central, which leaves at and continues the same time as his New York excursion.

Friendship Park Races.

Two interesting trots took place at Friendship Park yesterday. The first race, free to all, was won by Brother Johnathan, beating John B., Rival and Lady H., in the order named. Time—2:34, 2:34, 2:39 and 2:38. In the second race, for horses that had never been beaten 2:35, Charmer led, with sleepy Tom second and Davy third. Time—2:44, 2:43, 2:41 and 2:31. The track was very heavy, yet the attendance was fair and pool-selling lively.

Allegheny Poor Directors.

This Board held a regular monthly meeting last night. The clerk reported that his September bill of expenses was $519 63, and his tember bill of expenses was $519 63, and his October bill $22 20. The admissions to the Home collections $22 20. The admissions to the Home during the month were 31; discharged, 30; deaths, 7, last month were 31; discharged, 30; deaths, 7, last month; number of inmates October 1, 351. A proposition of Dr. Connolly to furnish fire extinguishers to the Home for $1,200 was read and referred to the proper committee. The sum of $350 was set apart for outdoor relief the present month.

Congressional Conferences

The Republican conferees of the Twenty-fourth district, composed of the counties of Washington, Beaver and Lawrence counties, met again yesterday at the Monongahela House. After several ballots, without effecting a nomination, an adjournment till Monday was agreed to. United States Marshal Hall, who is one of the conferees from Washington county, says the next meeting will probably produce a candidate.

The Democratic conferees of the Twenty-first district met at the St. Charles Hotel and nominated Hon. Jacob Turney, of Westmoreland. The nomination was made on the 11th ballot yesterday. The whole number of ballots at the several conferences was 119.

Obituary.

We regret to announce the death of Mr Thomas Scott, son of President John Scott, of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, which took place on Thursday at his father's residence, Larimer avenue, East End. The deceased contracted a cold about a year ago, which got such a hold on him that although every known remedy was tried, he finally failed in every case and his illness is at last resulted in death. He was a member of the firm of Scott & Gisel, grain merchants of Penn avenue, but was unable to attend to business, and spent the last year at different watering places. It was but a year or two since a loving sister, Maggie, went the way of all flesh. Young Mr. Scott was an estimable citizen, an upright business man, and a worthy member of an esteemed family.

Important to Voters

A petition was filed in the Common Pleas Court No. 1, yesterday, by C. S. Fetterman, Chas. F. McKenna, Arthur M. Hall and John Coyle, representing that in several election districts in the county there is a number of persons who have been duly registered by the registrars of their respective districts, but who, through the oversight, inadvertence or neglect of such registrars, have not been assessed nor a valuation placed upon their occupation, so as to enable them to vote at their taxes. The petitioners therefore asked that an order might be made directing such assessment to be made by the assessors in all cases where the parties have been duly registered, but not assessed, through the oversight, inadvertence or neglect of such registrars. The court granted the petition, and made an order to that effect, and the commissioners were also directed to allow such assessments to be made.

Meeting of the Board of Health.

The Board of Health held a regular semi-monthly meeting last evening, President Siagle in the chair.

Health officer Gray presented his report for September, showing that the nuisances had been abated, 2 suits instituted, 5 permits issued, and $285 25 received from permits, etc., during the month.

Dr. W. Snively reported that there were 285 deaths in the city during September, a death rate not equivalent to 22 per year per 1,000 inhabitants. As compared with previous years it is as follows:

Sept., 1875.....	272
Sept., 1874.....	290
Sept., 1875, 5 weeks..	357
Sept., 1876, 4 weeks..	285

Bills amounting to $178 16 were approved.

Other routine business was transacted, after which the Board adjourned.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

COUNTY CONTROLLER WARNER returned from the Centennial yesterday.

THE repaving of Fifth avenue and Wood street is progressing satisfactorily.

THAT "Blank" road bond has been signed by Mayor McCarty, the words "Railroad Compromise Bond" being added.

THE Hayes and Wheeler clubs of Allegheny are requested to meet at their respective headquarters promptly at 6:30 this evening.

THE Board of Viewers were engaged yesterday in hearing claims for damages by change of grade on Madison street, from Fifth avenue to Forbes street.

ASSISTANT CITY CLERK BOURNE is preparing an ordinance providing for the erection of gutters in which private citizens shall make connections with public sewers.

THE committee appointed by the Allegheny Board of Controllers to arrange for the school children's excursion on the Centennial will meet at the Public Library this evening at half-past seven.

JUSTICE GEO. K. ROSS, of Noblestown, committed Frank Hayburn to jail yesterday to await a hearing on a charge of arson, in attempting to burn the house of John Gribbon, at Laurel Hill mines.

ABOUT one o'clock yesterday morning Thomas White, residing on Center avenue, took a dose of laudanum with the intention, it is supposed, of committing suicide. At last accounts he is still living.

THE only business transacted last night by the Allegheny County Commissioners at the Court Buildings, was to recommend the granting of George Keyser's petition to erect a frame stable on Lake street.

THE Allegheny Gas Committee last night,appointed a sub-committee to confer with the Police Committee on the subject of the failure of members of the police force to extinguish the street lamps on moonlight nights.

THE city clerks of the Seventh and Eighth wards, Allegheny, are to hold an election on the 7th of November to vote whether they shall curtail their territorial limits and make a new ward, to be known as the Twelfth.

THE case against Carson, a boss foundryman, for obstructing the sidewalks of Lacock and Sandusky streets, was discharged by Squire Edgar on the payment of costs, defendant to abate the nuisance. W. H. Burk was prosecutor.

AMONG the arrivals at the American House, in this city, is the Hon. L. Gilles. This house, under the management of Mr. Sam. Bell, is doing splendid business. The arrivals average nearly one hundred daily, amongst whom are some of the most prominent men in the city.

WM. PETERSON made information at the Mayor's office yesterday, charging "Shorty" Long and a companion, with the larceny of a revolver worth $15. After making the search from his person while he was drunk and asleep, Long is in the lock-up awaiting a hearing.

JAMES MELLINS, one of the parties charged with wife-beating, before Alderman Succop, residing near Bridgeville, out of a wagon load of potatoes, had a hearing before Mayor McCarthy yesterday afternoon, and was committed for trial in default of $500 on a charge of false pretenses.

Two of the Pittsburgh evening papers stole bodily our special dispatch from Toledo, containing Senator Bayard's letter on Southern claims. Common courtesy should have led them to acknowledge the source from which they obtained this important and interesting bit of news.

THE following-named gentlemen, members of the Kanakeee Sporting Club, have started for Kankakee Lake, for a thirty days' hunt: Captain Fred. Dippold, of Sewickley; Colonel J. P. Kennard, First National Bank of Allegheny; J. B. Smith and John Thompson, of Allegheny city.

THE week's reopening of Salisbury Hall on next Tuesday evening, October 10, on the South Side. The Calliooti Glee Club will give the entertainment, and a full Indiana election returns will be announced from the exact to hour of arrive, by the branch office of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

THE alarm of fire from box fifty-one, in Allegheny, about ten o'clock last night, was caused by the discovery of a small blaze in the drying room of the tobacco factory of H. & J. Landis, on Madison avenue, between Ohio and Avery streets. The fire was put out by a Babcock extinguisher. Loss about twenty-five dollars.

THE Rev. D. Elvyn McCann and Hanna performed a difficult surgical operation recently on a child whose parents reside on Forty-fourth street. The child was suffering with diphtheria, the disease having made such ravages on the membranous constitution that the doctors in consultation decided, as a last resort, to relieve it by cutting an incision in the windpipe and insert a tube for it to breathe through. It has been several days since the operation was performed and is now breathing with ease through the tube, and there is every prospect that it will get well.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Miss Katharine Randolph will close her engagement with this afternoon and evening's performances, when "Galatea" and "Leah" will be given. Nothing more artistic has been given here for a long time.

On Monday evening Mr. Joseph Murphy will appear in his new play of "Kerry Gow," of which more will be said hereafter.

Library Hall.

Mr. Charles Pope appeared at this theater last evening as *Richelieu*, supported by Miss Rose Land as *Julie*, and Mr. Wheelock as *De Mauprat*. The crowded state of our columns forbids any attempt at criticism.

At the matinee this afternoon "The Gascon" will be repeated, and to-night Mr. Pope will appear as *Richard III.*

Gilmore's Band Concerts.

Gilmore's band, with a number of soloists, will add attraction to the Exposition next week. They will begin Tuesday evening.

Trimble's Varieties.

The only variety matinee in the city will be given at Trimble's this afternoon. This evening the usual double bill is promised.

LOW RATE
TO
Centennial Exhibition
BY
BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

By reference to our advertising columns our readers will see that the old reliable Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have again reduced the fare to Philadelphia and back to $7. Children under twelve years of age half fare. This is the only direct route to Washington City, and holders of tickets can stop off at Washington or Baltimore. The Centennial Exhibition will soon close, and we advise our readers to take advantage of this offer.

TIME is money, but health is happiness. If you have a bad cold or cough, use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, it will cure you. Price, 25 cents.

TO NIGHT'S DEMONSTRATION.

Extensive Preparations for the Grand South Side Parade—Determination to Make it a Brilliant and Most Memorable Event, Worthy of the "State of Allegheny"—Republicans Throughout the County Working with a Will—The Details all Completed.

Within less than a fortnight the project to hold a general torchlight procession of all the Hayes and Wheeler marching clubs of the county was broached, but it was not until the early part of the week that the matter assumed definite shape. It was then arranged that the demonstration should take place on the South Side on Saturday evening, 7th inst. At once the various ward, borough, township and independent clubs began the work of preparation. Uniformed clubs increased their membership, and provided equipments; uniformed clubs hastened to procure campaign paraphernalia, and new clubs were organized. Very little advertising of the affair was resorted to, yet such is the rousing enthusiasm in Republican ranks, that we hazard nothing in predicting that tonight's demonstration on the South Side will exceed in point of numbers, *esprit* and brilliancy any torchlight pageant that has ever been witnessed in this section. The South Side avenues will literally be crowded with the hosts of Republican voters.

Residents along Carson street, from one extremity to the other are decorating extensively to show their sympathy with the whole Union and to protest against the pretensions of the "solid" South. So frequent and elaborate are these decorations, that we have no doubt Carson street this evening will present a picture of gorgeous splendor.

TRANSPORTATION.

Every Hayes and Wheeler marching club in the two cities and throughout the county has signified its intention of being present in full force.

Arrangements have been perfected with the various railroads centering in the city to run special trains for the accommodation of organizations at a distance. The Pennsylvania Central, West Penn, Allegheny Valley Railroad, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, Pan Handle, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, will all afford full facilities for clubs and visitors. The Swissvale, Wilkinsburg and East End clubs will arrive by the P. R. R.; the Verona, Sandy Creek, Eighteenth ward and Lawrenceville clubs by the A. V. R. R.; the Tarentum, Sharpsburg, Etna, Millvale and Hoboken clubs by the West Penn Railroad; the Duquesne, Coal Valley, West Elizabeth and Homestead by the Pittsburgh, Chartiers and West Virginia Railroad; the Sewickley, Belle vue and Emsworth by the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad; the Manchester, Chartiers and other clubs, by the Pan Handle Railroad, and the McKeesport, Port Perry, Braddocks' Fields and Twenty-third ward clubs by the Connellsville branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

OFFICERS.

As a matter of reference and for the guidance of the various clubs, we subjoin the following list of officers:

Grand Marshal—Philip Hoerr.
Adjutant General—Colonel Isaac Cline.
Chief of Staff—Dr. G. G. Rahauser.
Marshal of North Side Division—John McGraw.
Marshal of East End Division—General Jas. S. Negley.
Marshal of Gil City Division—Colonel Henry B. Hays.
Marshal of South Side Division, West End—Major Felix C. Negley.
Marshal of South Side Division, West End—M. Schafer.

FORMATION.

The several Divisions will form as follows:

North Side division on Water street, right resting on the north end of the Smithfield street bridge, left extending down Water street.

East End division on Water street, right resting on the east side of Smithfield street at the bridge, left extending up Water and Grant streets.

Old City division on Grant street, right resting on the Fifth avenue division, left extending out Grant and on Liberty street.

South Side divisions on Chestnut and Carson streets, right resting at the south end of the Suspension bridge.

Clubs in each division will report to the Grand Marshal during to-day at his office, 1913 Carson street.

In this connection the Grand Marshal has issued the following order:

The Headquarters of the Grand Marshal will be at the south end of the Smithfield street bridge, on the open lot.

Division commanders will report by aid at 7:30 sharp, so the column may move on time.

P. HOERR, Grand Marshal.

J. CLINE, Adjutant General.

The Grand Marshal and staff will be distinguished by the following insignia: Grand Marshal—Sash and rosette. Adjutant General and Chief of Staff, white sash. Grand Marshal's staff, soft black hat,dark clothes and large white rosette.

Citizens are requested and invited to participate in the parade either on horseback or on foot. Positions will be assigned them according to the Grand Marshal as above.

Citizens along the route, in sympathy with the demonstration are requested to decorate their residences.

Captain E. A. Breck, with a section of Hotchinson's battery, will fire a salute of fifty guns at the head of procession. The first gun, at 7:30, will announce the time for the column to move. Clubs are requested to be at their respective places at least 7:15 sharp. On the arrival of a Clbb, it is essential that the commanding officer should report at once to the marshal of his division for assignment.

WEST END DIVISION.

The following order has been issued by Major F. C. Negley, commanding the West End division:

The West End Division will form on Carson street, west of the Monongahela bridge, in the following order: Marching clubs from outside of the city will form nearest the bridge and Thirty-second ward clubs next to them, Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth next, Thirty-fifth next and Thirty-sixth next to the west of the division—to be in line at 7 P. M.

The following aids have been appointed: John W. Vaughn, Wm. Bond, Richard Fitzgerald, Henry Fleecher, Dr. English, E. C. Stouffer, Dr. J. P. McCord, Joseph Eberly, T. H. Bates, John L. Vaughn, Samuel McSwiggen, Wm. C. Encell, M. Mertz, Andrew McCartney, David Robinson, Philip Bolard, Wm. Bowden, Walter Ferguson, H. Dorrington, John R. Neeld, Jacob Bandenschmidt, Philip Bolard, Wm. Kemp, W. C. Taylor, S. W. Lea, J. McCreedy, Esq. Wm. N. Erwin has been appointed Chief of Staff. Aids will report to the Marshal at 7 P. M. on Carson and immediately west of the Monongahela bridge. The line will be designated by blue sash and black hats.

By order of W. C. NEGLEY,
Marshal.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, A. A. G.

THE WELSH DEMONSTRATION.

A large meeting of the Welsh citizens of the county was held at Republican headquarters last evening, the assemblage comprising delegations from the various Welsh clubs of the South Side, Soho, Lawrenceville and Woods' Run. Prior to the general meeting, the Welsh Central Hayes and Wheeler club elected officers. Mr. D. J. Evans was unanimously chosen Captain; Mr. Johns First Lieutenant; and J. E. Davis Second Lieutenant. Messrs. E. J. Evans, J. E. Powell and J. E. Davis were appointed a Committee on Uniforms.

The general meeting of the various Welsh clubs was then organized by calling Mr. M. H. Morgan to the chair, Mr. A. L. Thomas Secretary. Mr. Thomas, of the South Side, reported that they intended to turn out 160 men, and Mr. John Powell, from the Soho district, reported that there had been a club organized in that locality, and that they intended to turn out over fifty men.

After a further expression of views it was decided that all the Welsh clubs in turn out as one body, under command of their own Marshal, and report to Chief Marshal, Alderman P. Hoerr, for assignment to position.

Thos. W. Davis, Esq., and Major A. B. Powell, were nominated for the position of marshal of the battalion. Major Powell declined and Mr. Davis was unanimously chosen to command the Welsh contingent.

Mr. Davis accepted the honor in a very neat speech.

He was followed by Major Powell, who urged that the Welshmen of the county should turn out in full force. They could certainly turn out at the lowest calculation 500 men.

On motion of Mr. Prosser, an invitation was extended to all the Welshmen in Allegheny county to join the Welsh Battalion, the various Pittsburgh and Allegheny clubs to report to to Marshal Davis, at Republican headquarters, by seven o'clock, and then march to the rendezvous at the warehouse of Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, on Lemon street, between Tenth and Eleventh, where the battalion will join the South Side companies.

Marshal Davis announced that a brass band had been secured to head the Welsh Battalion.

Adjourned.

The Marshal of the above battalion, Thomas W. Davis, Esq., announces the following staff: Chief of Staff—Elias B. Powell. Aids—Arthur L. Thomas, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh; John Richards, Woods Run; John B. Jones, South Side; John H. Thomas, Lawrenceville, and William Johns, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh.

Clubs retiring home by the nearest routes are requested to be at their respective stations at 11th o'clock sharp, so that special trains may be been engaged, and at the usual schedule time on roads which run regular trains.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

Following is the route of procession: Down Carson street to Chestnut, along Chestnut to Harger, along Harger to Plank Road, thence to Washington Pike, thence to Carson, on Carson to Twelfth, up Twelfth to Washington, up Washington to Sarah, up Sarah to Nineteenth, up Nineteenth to Jane, up Jane to Twenty-first street, down Twenty-first to Sarah, up Sarah to Thirteenth, down Thirteenth to Carson, down Carson to Tenth and dismiss.

Many of the South Side industries will be represented in the procession, and the various glee clubs in gaily decorated vehicles will have charge of the fireworks. The entire demonstration promises to surpass expectation.

SEVEN DOLLARS
TO
Philadelphia and Back,
BY
BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD,
ON
MONDAY, Oct. 9th, } At 8:15 A. M. each day.
THURSDAY, Oct. 12th, }

With privilege of stopping at Washington and Baltimore, and return limit at these points. Centennial Exhibition closes November 10th. Don't wait, but come with me. You may not have another chance for years to come.

GUS L. BRAUN, Manager.

Once a Week.

Once every week, Gildenfeny & Co., No. 69 Fifth avenue, opposite the COMMERCIAL building, send to this office a package of reading matter, containing everything worth looking at in the way of magazines, illustrated, story, sporting and class papers, and all the new novels, both in paper covers and cloth binding. The latest paper covered novel they have received is "The Laurel Bush," from the pen of Miss Mulock. Outside of the literary treasures sent by Gildenfeny & Co., they keep the newest styles of stationery, and everything in the way of albums, notions, games, &c., and all at low prices.

$15, $16, $17 and $18

for ladies solid gold unredeemed watches. Just think of it! at E. DeRoys, only loan office in Gazette Building, 153 Smithfield street.

The Turkish Bath for Rheumatism.

Rheumatism is one of the most painful and severe diseases to which human beings are subject. It is generally caused by soral poison or humor in the blood. This usually affects the white fibrous tissues, such as the muscles, the ligiments and tendons, and fibro-serous membranes. It is often confined to the joints and sometimes locates in the muscles around the heart. A pecubranes which surround the heart. A pecubranes which surround the heart. A peculiarity of this disease is that it shifts from one place to another, but usually returns—if not cured—to its original location. As this disease is due to poison in the blood the best, in fact, the *only way to effect a permanent cure is to get the poison out*, and this can be accomplished in no way so effectually as by the Turkish Bath. For gout and rheumatism it is the remedy *par excellence*. Ye gouty rheumatics try the process at 80 Diamond street and be convinced.

$7. GO TO THE CENTENNIAL $7. $7. ON MONDAY. $7

Do Not Lose Two Days Getting to Philadelphia, and Then Get Landed in the Suburbs of the City—Come With Me on the Great Pennsylvan a Central Railroad, on Special Excursion Train, Leaving the Union Depot on

NEXT MONDAY MORNING AT HALF-PAST NINE O'CLOCK.

SEE THE ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS IN THEIR AUTUMNAL BEAUTY.

Special Arrangements.

In order to accommodate a large number of people of Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio who do not wish to visit

NEW YORK,

I have made special arrangements to furnish Excursion tickets to

PHILADELPHIA AND RETURN,

Good on this train (leaving at 9:30 A. M. on Monday), and good to return at any time within ten days for

$7.	SEVEN DOLLARS.	D
S	SEVEN DOLLARS.	O
E	SEVEN DOLLARS.	L
V	SEVEN DOLLARS.	L
E	SEVEN DOLLARS.	A
N	SEVEN DOLLARS.	R
$7.	SEVEN DOLLARS.	S

The round trip. Children under twelve years half fare.

Tickets can be obtained to-day at the Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Office, No. 78 Fifth avenue; also to-day and to-morrow at the Union Depot. Travel on a railroad with Yours, truly,

W. C. SMYTHE.

Wire Nursery Fenders
and Spark Guards at
JAMES R. TAYLOR & CO.'S,
35 Market street.

Protection Against Fire.
Wire Fenders and Spark Guards at
JAMES R. TAYLOR & CO.'S,
35 Market street.

THROUGH TO PHILADELPHIA
In Fourteen Hours

Passengers taking Centennial excursion trains on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Monday, October 9th, and Tuesday, October 12th, can make the trip to Philadelphia in fourteen hours, statements from opposing routes to the contrary. Patronize the road that made the first reduction in passenger rates to suit the wants of everybody. Go with Gus. L. Braun, and enjoy the scenery along the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, which cannot be excelled. Travel on a good railroad and ride in Coaches. Remember that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is the shortest and only direct route to the Centennial *via* the National Capital.

Fruit Jars and Jelly Glasses
In quantities to suit.
J. P. SMITH, SON & CO.,
189 Liberty street.

Fall and Winter Styles

The styles in gentlemen's garments this season are the most elegant that have been issued for years. Mr. B. Tiegal, the fashionable merchant tailor, located on No. 55 Smithfield street, has in stock all the fashionable designs in piece goods, and is prepared to make to order a full suit or single garments of the finest quality. Parties needing winter clothing cannot serve their interests to a better advantage than by giving this establishment a call.

Kornblum's

optician office is in R. S. Davis & Co.'s book store, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

Wire Fenders
and Spark Guards at
JAMES R. TAYLOR & CO.'S,
35 Market street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Business Men

desiring a first-class dinner down town, go to William Lenz, successor to P. Schildecker, No. 22 Diamond street.

Facts for the People.

D. S. Hoodenpyle, Merchant Tailoring and Cloth House, No. 87 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is making to order more garments than any house in the country. Because his goods are bought at the lowest prices for cash, and sold for cash only, he can afford to sell and made to suit you. A. A. Devore, the acknowledged master of the art of cutting, manages this establishment, and employs only first-class workmen. Guaranteeing as fine and as perfect work as can be done, and his stock is a full line of the finest goods in the world, as well as goods to suit all classes in medium grades, all well made and trimmed just as ordered.

William Lenz,

successor to P. Schildecker, confectionery and restaurant, No. 22 Diamond street.

For Fresh Shell Oysters,

go to William Lenz, successor to P. Schildecker, No. 22 Diamond street.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

Live Stock.

ALBANY, October 6.—Cattle—Receipts 619 car loads against 670 car loads last week. Market active and firm at 5@5½c for extra; a decline of 25c in five weight on common natives and Texas and 10@15c on good and extra weight native butchering stock.

BUFFALO, October 6.—Cattle—Receipts 158 head; market dull; no sales. Hogs—Receipts 12,546 head. No sales; fresh arrivals consigned through. Shipments 6,000.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 400 head; total for the week, 12,200 head. Commission dull. Common to medium sheep $3 90@4 85. Demand light.

Hogs—Receipts 4,300 head; total for the week 23,400 head. Market opened dull and dragging and prices full 15@20c lower than yesterday. Demand about equal for good grades, common lots found few purchasers; Yorkers $6 12½@6 25; extra $6 30; heavy $6 10@6 30.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES

LOUISVILLE, October 5.—Weather cool and clear. Up—Raven and Condor, Pomeroy; Hawkeye, Kanawha; Scotia, Ironton. River falling; 6 feet 11 inches in canal.

EVANSVILLE, October 6.—Weather clear, windy and cool. River falling; 4 feet 2 inches feet and falling. Down—Evansville, Glasgow, Yazoo Valley, Ashland, Huntington and Ashland. Business fair. The Yazoo Valley and Baum added largely. The Ashland did not land.

NEW ORLEANS, October 6.—Arrived—John F. Toile, St. Louis. No departures reported. Weather clear and pleasant.

CAIRO, October 6.—Arrived—Bigley, St. Louis; Grand Tower, St. Louis. Departed—Grand Tower, St. Louis, Rivet No. 2, Memphis. Arrivals and falling. Weather clear; mercury 56.

MEMPHIS, October 6.—River fell 7 inches; now stands 16 feet. Weather clear and cool. Arrived—Ruth, White river. Departed—Gaff, Cincinnati; Susie Silver, New Orleans.

CINCINNATI, October 6.—River 13 feet and stationary. Weather cloudy and mild to-day; clearing and cooler to-night. Up—Keystone and Graham, Pittsburgh; Virgie Lee, Kanawha river. Departed—Sunday, Wheeling.

ST. LOUIS, October 6.—Arrived—Golden Eagle, Rob Roy and Lake Superior, Keokuk; City of Helena, Memphis; Magnolia, Illinois river. Departed—Golden Eagle and Rob Roy, Keokuk; Belle of Memphis, Memphis. The river has fallen 2 inches. Weather clear and pleasant. Channel to Cairo difficult to find and only 6 feet scant at several points.

DIED:

SCOTT.—On Thursday afternoon, October 5th, 1876, THOMAS SCOTT, aged twenty-four years, the beloved son of John and Olivia D. Scott.

The funeral will take place from the residence of the family, Larimer avenue, East End, on SATURDAY, 7th inst., at 2 o'clock. Carriages will leave Samson's, No. 19 Seventh avenue, at 1 P. M.

[Philadelphia papers please copy.]

THOMPSON—At 3:30 P. M., October 6th, ALEX. THOMPSON, aged 60 years.

Funeral services at his late residence, No. 81 Boyle street, Allegheny City, at 3:30 P. M., SATURDAY, 8th inst. The remains will be removed to Mercer for interment on MONDAY at 2 A. M.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America
ASSETS, $5,167,547 46.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth Ave.

Pier, Dannals & Co.,
Brewers, CORNER FORBES & STEVENSON STREETS, PITTSBURGH, offer for sale the
Best Cream Ale and Porter
AT THE
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
ORDERS BY MAIL SOLICITED.

Bottled Ale and Porter a Specialty

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS.

FIREARMS
AND
AMMUNITION,
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Imperial Wine Vinegar
As a preservative for Pickles, Fruit, Fish, Oysters, &c., and also for Table Use, it stands preeminent.
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CIDER BARRELS FOR SALE.
300 wood-bound Barrels, all in good condition, hold 45 gallons each.
Lots of 10 barrels, 65 cents each.
Lots less 10 barrels, 75 cents each.
Also, 1 Cider Press, nearly new, at a bargain.
HENRY REA, Jr.,
COMMISSION MERCHANT, 305 LIBERTY ST.

Election Notice.

Proclamation

WHEREAS, In and by the thirteenth section of the act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed July 2, 1839, entitled "An act relating to the elections in this Commonwealth," it is enjoined on the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such elections to be held, and enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: In pursuance thereof, I, R. H. FIFE, Sheriff of the county of Allegheny, do therefore make known, and give this public notice to the electors of said county of Allegheny, that a General Election will be held in said county on the FIRST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, being the seventh day of the month, in the several election districts thereof.

And as directed by said thirteenth section of the act of July, 1869, I hereby give notice that every person (excepting the Justices of the Peace), who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

And further by the first section of the act of March 31, 1864,

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and is hereby enacted by authority of the same, that the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth at all general elections of this Commonwealth, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the name of all judges of courts voted for, and be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the state officers voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all members of Assembly, if voted for, and member of Congress, if voted for, and be labeled "Congress;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

And whereas, by virtue of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, adopted December 26, 1873,

Every male citizen 21 years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections: *First*—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month before the election. *Second*—He shall be a native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed thereto and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election. *Third*—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. *Fourth*—If he be over 22 years of age, or upward, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SEC. 5. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach of security of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections, and in going to and returning therefrom.

WHEREAS, By the act of Congress of the United States, entitled "An act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out of the national forces, and for other purposes," and approved March 3, 1865, no distinction is made between the military or naval service of the United States, and "no person has been discharged or removed from penalty or disability therein provided, are deemed and taken to have forfeited their citizenship, and their rights to citizenship, and their capacity of exercising any political franchise whatever, and

WHEREAS, Persons not citizens of the United States are forbidden to participate in the elections and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That in all elections to be held hereafter in this Commonwealth it shall be unlawful for the Judge or Inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot or ballots from any person not appearing in the proper lists, and subject to the disability imposed by the act of March 3, 1865, approved March 3, 1868, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any Judge, Inspector or election, or any one of them, shall knowingly receive the ballot or ballots of such unlawful ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions in this Commonwealth, shall for each offense be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC. 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid shall at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to vote any ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof or confession in open court, shall be punished in the manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act, in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SEC. 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade or advise any person or persons deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots to the officers of any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, and such person shall offer to vote, such person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner as is provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SEC. 5. That if any person shall hereafter persuade or advise any person or persons deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, to vote at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or under the influence thereof and offer to vote a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions of the Commonwealth, shall for each offense be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC. 6. That if any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid shall at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to vote any ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth, shall for each offense be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC. 7. That if any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid shall at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to vote any ballot or ballots thereof and offer to vote a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions of the Commonwealth, shall for each offense be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC. 8. That if any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid shall at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to vote any ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth, shall for each offense be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC. 9. That if any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid shall at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, vote, or tender to vote any ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth, shall for each offense be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC. 10. That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white freemen shall be entitled to vote or exercise any right of suffrage, or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth, be and is hereby repealed; and that hereafter all freemen, without distinction of color, shall be entitled and according to the provisions and provisions of the first section of the act approved the 17th of April, 1869, entitled "An act further supplemental to the act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under the existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth.

The electors of the first ward, city of Pittsburgh, First district, to meet at No. 16 Penn avenue, in said ward. The electors of the second district to meet at the public school house, corner of Short street and Second avenue, in